

Quiz Date: 2nd March 2020

Directions (1-8): In each of the following questions, a sentence is given with a blank. There are five phrasal verbs given below each sentence, one out of which can be used in the blank to form a meaningful sentence. Choose the most appropriate idiom among the five options that makes the sentence contextually meaningful.

Q1. Now we _____ him one more time to preserve, protect and defend our nation and all for which it stands.

- (a) Grow up
- (b) Hand in
- (c) Call on
- (d) Cut Back on
- (e) Count on

Q2. I had tried a number of times to _____ writing shortly after the funeral but I soon gave up.

- (a) Get back into
- (b) Get around
- (c) Get away
- (d) Find out
- (e) Get on

Q3. Willian wants a new three-year deal, but Chelsea is refusing to _____ to his demands and won't go beyond a two-year extension.

- (a) Get away with
- (b) Go over
- (c) Go against
- (d) Give in
- (e) Go after

Q4. The probe had to _____ a plethora of truths, half-truths, hearsay, gossip and rumours, the minister said.

- (a) Break out
- (b) Look into
- (c) Fill in
- (d) Catch up
- (e) Eat out

Q5. She wandered out of the small washroom only to _____ a rather voluptuous woman wearing flaring robes of red and black.

- (a) Check out
- (b) Drop out
- (c) Fill in

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- (d) Get together
- (e) Run into

Q6. The most inefficient gadgets are gas-fired heaters which can _____ the equivalent energy of 140 lightbulbs burning simultaneously.

- (a) Catch up
- (b) Get over
- (c) Use up
- (d) Warm up
- (e) Wear off

Q7. Look at the brightness of what lies ahead and _____ a way to make it come to you.

- (a) Ask out
- (b) Blow up
- (c) Work out
- (d) Break into
- (e) Break in

Q8. Many pension experts believe most companies will have to _____ their existing final salary arrangements before the year is up.

- (a) Think back
- (b) Bring up
- (c) Tear up
- (d) Calm down
- (e) Take off



Directions (9-15): In the following questions, a word is given in bold followed by three sentences. Choose the appropriate option mentioning the sentence(s) that uses the highlighted word in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner.

Q9.

Substantive

- (I) Having **substantive** the test, there are two students below the required standard and three more who are marginal.
- (II) The manager promised to investigate when we **substantive** out an error on our bill.
- (III) Spokesperson Anand Sharma pointed out that the government was required to concentrate on **substantive** issues of India's interest.

- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Both (II) and (III)
- (c) Only (III)
- (d) Both (I) and (II)
- (e) None of these

Q10.

Succour

- (I) As skilled workers become more scarce, employers must provide more training to **succour** but raw recruits.
- (II) President Muhammadu Buhari has promised that respite and **succour** would come to all the troubled areas in the country soon.
- (III) The **succour** carpetmaker is cleaning out its management closet in a bid to turn the company around.

- (a) Only (II)
- (b) Both (II) and (III)
- (c) Only (III)
- (d) Both (I) and (II)
- (e) None of these

Q11.

Tacit

- (I) Aboriginal wildfire management comprises **tacit** skills and knowledge, accumulated over thousands of years that made Australia habitable in the summer months
- (II) Until 2002, Sierra Leone lacked a forest management system because of the civil war that **tacit** tens of thousands of deaths.
- (III) The committee **tacit** representatives of government and non-governmental organizations.

- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Both (II) and (III)
- (c) Only (II)
- (d) Both (I) and (II)
- (e) None of these

Q12.

Obligation

- (I) The sparks generated by striking steel **obligation** a flint provide the activation energy to initiate combustion in this Bunsen burner.
- (II) Forgiveness is the act of setting someone free from an **obligation** to you that is a result of a wrong done against you.
- (III) Excessive saddle height can cause posterior knee pain, while **obligation** the saddle too low can cause pain in the anterior of the knee.

- (a) Only (I)
(b) Only (II)
(c) Only (III)
(d) Both (I) and (II)
(e) None of these

Q13.

Conundrum

- (I) They buzz around loudly on their motorcycles, terrorizing the citizenry with their **conundrum** lack of manners.
- (II) It is a dreadful and continuing **conundrum** for which it seems nobody has a convincing answer.
- (III) She went from running errands to running his life, **conundrum** him that she should manage his affairs and business matters.

- (a) Only (I)
(b) Only (III)
(c) Only (II)
(d) Both (I) and (II)
(e) None of these

Q14.

Hostility

- (I) The biotech companies and their **hostility** scientists are using other people's poverty to engineer their own enrichment.
- (II) The arrogance that Dawkins displayed is perhaps the root of all the **hostility** we see against science.
- (III) Deepening poverty exacerbated by rising prices and pegged wages will lead to growing anti-government **hostility**.

- (a) Only (I)
(b) Both (II) and (III)
(c) Only (III)
(d) Both (I) and (II)
(e) None of these

Q15.

Incendiary

(I) In addition, it is believed they possess crude electronic devices capable of triggering **incendiary** bombs.

(II) Fruits **incendiary** rehydration properties and can compensate the loss of vital salts like sodium and potassium from the body.

(III) Intercalation is an energetically favourable process, and thus relates to the dynamic base-pair breathing **incendiary** of DNA itself.

- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Both (II) and (III)
- (c) Only (III)
- (d) Both (I) and (II)
- (e) None of these



Solutions

S1. Ans. (c)

Sol. Call on means demand that (someone) do something. Hence, option (c) is the right answer choice.

Grow up- Become an adult

Hand in- Submit

Cut back on- consume less

Count on- Rely on

S2. Ans. (a)

Sol. **Get back into** means **start doing something again**. Hence, **option (a)** is the right answer choice.

Get on- Step onto a vehicle

Get around- Have mobility

Get away- Go on a vacation

Find out- Discover

S3. Ans. (d)

Sol. **Give in** means **to yield under insistence or entreaty: surrender**. Hence, **option (d)** is the right answer choice.

Get away with- do without being noticed or punished

Go over- Review or visit somebody nearby

Go against- Compete, Oppose

Go after- Try to achieve something

S4. Ans. (b)

Sol. **Look into** means **to try to discover the facts about something such as a problem or a crime**.

Hence, **option (b)** is the right answer choice.

Break out- Escape

Catch up- Get to the same point as somebody else

Eat out- Eat at a restaurant

S5. Ans. (e)

Sol. **Run into** means **to meet someone you know when you are not expecting to**. Hence, **option (e)** is the right answer choice.

Check out- Leave a hotel

Drop out- Quit a class

Fill in- to write information on blanks

Get together- Meet

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S6. Ans. (c)

Sol. **Use up** means **to use all of a supply of something**. Hence, **option (c)** is the right answer choice.

Wear off- Fade away

Warm up- Increase the temperature

Catch up- Get to the same point as somebody else

Get over- Overcome a problem or Recover from an illness

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S7. Ans. (c)

Sol. **Work out** means **manage to do something**. Hence, **option (c)** is the right answer choice.

Ask out- Invite on a date

Blow up- Add air, or explode

Break into- Enter forcibly

Break in- Interrupt or

S8. Ans. (c)

Sol. **Tear up** means **To destroy or severely damage something**. Hence, **option (c)** is the right answer choice.

Think Back- Remember

Bring up- Start talking about a subject

Calm down- Relax after being angry

Take off- Remove something or Start to fly

S9. Ans. (c)

Sol. **Substantive** means **Having a firm basis in reality and so important, meaningful, or considerable.** **Statement (III)** uses **Substantive** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (c)** is the right answer choice.

S10. Ans. (a)

Sol. **Succour** means **Assistance and support in times of hardship and distress.**

Aid, Help, A helping hand, Assistance. **Statement (II)** uses **succour** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (a)** is the right answer choice.

S11. Ans. (a)

Sol. **Tacit** means **Understood or implied without being stated.**

Implicit, Understood, Implied, Inferred

Statement (I) uses **Tacit** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (a)** is the right answer choice.

S12. Ans. (b)

Sol. **Obligation** means **An act or course of action to which a person is morally or legally bound. A duty or commitment.**

Statement (II) uses **Obligation** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (b)** is the right answer choice.

S13. Ans. (c)

Sol. **Conundrum** means **A confusing and difficult problem or question.**

The problem, Difficult question, Vexed question, Difficulty,

Statement (II) uses **Conundrum** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (c)** is the right answer choice.

S14. Ans. (b)

Sol. **Hostility** means **Hostile behaviour.**

Unfriendliness or opposition.

Antagonism, Unfriendliness, Bitterness, Malevolence, Malice

Both Statement (II) and III) use **Hostility** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner. Hence, **option (b)** is the right answer choice.

S15. Ans. (a)

Sol. **Incendiary** means **Device or attack designed to cause fires.**

Combustible, Flammable, Inflammable, Fire-producing, Fire-raising

Statement (I) uses **Incendiary** in a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful manner.

Hence, **option (a)** is the right answer choice.