RBI Assistant Mains Practice Marathon Quant (Solutions)

S1. Ans.(b)

Sol.

No. of employees who promoted from Google = $1150 \times \frac{19}{23} \times \frac{20}{100} = 190$

Average no. of male employees from TCS, LST and Google

$$= \left(1400 \times \frac{13}{28} + 1525 \times \frac{35}{61} + 1300 \times \frac{9}{13}\right) \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= (650 + 875 + 900) \frac{1}{5}$$

$$=\frac{2425}{5}=485$$

Required
$$\% = \frac{485-190}{485} \times 100$$

$$=60.82\% \approx 61\%$$

S2. Ans.(c)

Sol.

No. of senior employees who got promoted

$$= 1200 \times \frac{18}{25} \times 0.50 + 1400 \times \frac{17}{28} \times 0.36 + 1600 \times \frac{5}{8} \times 0.45 + 1250 \times \frac{13}{25} \times 0.34 + 1525 \times \frac{14}{25} \times 0.50 +$$

$$1300 \times \frac{8}{25} \times 0.5 + 1150 \times \frac{19}{23} \times 0.20$$

$$= 432 + 306 + 450 + 221 + 427 + 208 + 190$$

$$= 2234$$

Foreign employees from Wipro, LST and Google together = $1600 \times \frac{3}{5} + 1525 \times \frac{1}{5} + 1150 \times \frac{7}{23}$

$$= 960 + 305 + 350$$

= 1615

Required employees =
$$1615 - \frac{2234}{3}$$

=498

S3. Ans.(d)

Sol. Required ratio =
$$(400 - 213) : 1200 \times \frac{11}{25}$$

$$= 187:528$$

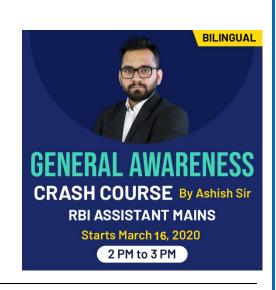
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S4. Ans.(e)

Sol. No. of employees from all of the companies together = 9425 Indian employees of all of he companies together

$$= 900 + 1000 + 640 + 875 + 1220 + 800 + 800 = 6235$$

Required% =
$$\frac{9425}{6235} \times 100 = 151.16\%$$



S5. Ans.(a)

Sol. Male employees from all of the companies

$$=1200\times\frac{14}{25}+1400\times\frac{13}{28}+1600\times\frac{27}{32}+1250\times\frac{17}{25}+1525\times\frac{35}{61}+1300\times\frac{9}{13}+1150\times\frac{17}{46}$$

$$= 672 + 650 + 1350 + 850 + 875 + 900 + 425 = 5722$$

: female employees = 9425 - 5722 = 3703

Required no. of employees = 2019

S6. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let speed of Avinash in still water be a kmph and speed of stream be b kmph.

Let AB = BC = x km

From first condition,

$$\frac{x}{a+b} + \frac{x}{a-b} = 10$$
(i)

From second condition,

$$\frac{2x}{a+b} = 4$$

$$\frac{2x}{a+b} = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{a+b} = 2 \qquad(ii)$$
Putting the value in eq. (ii)

Putting the value in eq. (i), we get

$$2 + \frac{x}{a-b} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\ddot{x}}{a-b} = 8 \qquad \dots (iii)$$

On dividing equation (iii) by equation

(ii), we get

$$\frac{a+b}{a-b} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 3a = 5b$$

$$∴$$
 a : b = 5 : 3



S7. Ans (d)

Sol. Let speed of boat in still water and speed of current be x kmph and y kmph respectively.

ATO

$$\frac{x}{x+y} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{5}{3}$$

Let x=5p and y=3p

$$\frac{D-21}{5p+3p} = 3$$

$$D - 21 = 24p \dots (i)$$

Now,
$$\frac{D-15}{2p} = 3 \times \frac{D-5}{8p}$$

$$D = 45 \, km$$

From (i)

$$p = \frac{24}{24} = 1$$

So, speed of boat in still water = 5 kmph

S8. Ans (a)

Sol. Let no. of failed candidates be x.

ATO

$$150 \times 50 = x \times 25 + (150 - x) \times 55$$

$$7500 = 25x + 8250 - 55x$$

$$750 = 30x$$

$$x = 25$$

So, passed candidates = 150 - 25 = 125

S9. Ans.(e)

Sol. Let age of Mr. Manoj = 10x + y

Age of his wife = 10y + x

$$\frac{1}{11}(10x + y + 10y + x) = 10x + y - 10y - x$$

$$11x + 11y = 99x - 99y, \frac{x}{y} = \frac{5}{4}$$

x = 5, y = 4 (since age in the form of 2 digit number and only possible number is in the ratio of 5:4 is 5 and 4)

Age of Manoj = 54, wife = 45

Difference = 9 years

\$10. Ans.(c)

Sol. Three years SI on $15\% = 15 \times 3 = 45\%$

Equivalent two years CI on 8 %= 8 +8 + $\frac{8\times8}{100}$ = 16.64%

Equivalent two years CI on 20% = $20+20+\frac{20\times20}{100} = 44\%$

ATQ -

$$\frac{44(2P+8000)}{100} - \left(\frac{45P}{100} + \frac{16.64(P+8000)}{100}\right) = 5352$$

$$88P + 3520 - .45P - .1664P - 1331.2 = 5352$$

2636P = 3163.2

$$P = \frac{3163,2}{.2636} = 12000 \, Rs.$$

Suresh borrowed = $12000 \times 2 + 8000 = 32000 \text{ Rs}$

S11. Ans.(a)

Sol.
$$\frac{53}{3} - \frac{41}{5} - \frac{48}{5} + ? = \frac{8}{15}$$

? = $\frac{8}{15} - \frac{53}{3} + \frac{89}{5}$

$$? = -6$$

S13. Ans.(c)

Sol.
$$\frac{25}{100} \times 650 - \frac{65}{100} \times 250 = ? -5$$
 ? = 5

S14. Ans.(c)

S15. Ans.(b)

Sol.
$$18 - 12 \times 16 \times \frac{1}{24} + 5 = ?$$

 $18 - 8 + 5 = ?$
 $? = 15$

S16. Ans.(c)

Sol. Lets speed of train P, Q and R be S_1 , S_2 and S_3 respectively

Speed of train P (S₁) =
$$\frac{180}{\frac{27}{4}}$$
 m/s

$$= \frac{80}{3} \frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{s}}$$

Speed of train Q (S₂)

$$\frac{80}{3} + S_2 = \frac{240 + 180}{9}$$
$$S_2 = \frac{420}{9} - \frac{80}{3}$$

$$S_2 = 20 \,\mathrm{m/s}$$

Speed of train R (S_3)

$$\frac{80}{3} - S_3 = \frac{210 + 180}{39}$$

$$S_3 = \frac{80}{3} - 10$$

$$S_3 = \frac{50}{3} \text{m/s}$$

Lets required time be T sec

Required time=
$$20 + \frac{50}{3}$$

$$=\frac{240+210}{T}$$

$$\frac{110}{3} = \frac{450}{T}$$

$$T = \frac{450 \times 3}{110}$$

$$T = 12 \frac{3}{11} sec$$



General Awareness

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S17. Ans.(e)

Sol. A got 40% of profit

B & C got 30% each

So investment ratio of A, B and C is 4:3:3

Now,

They earn 10% profit

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10x \times 10}{100} = x$$

If they earn 15% profit

$$= \frac{10x \times 15}{100} = \frac{3}{2}x$$

A got 900 Rs. more

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{2}x \times \frac{40}{100} - \frac{x \times 40}{100} = 900$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 4500

Total investment = 45000

B's investment=
$$\frac{45000 \times 3}{10}$$
 = 13500

S18. Ans (d)

Sol. Let speed of boat in still water and speed of stream be x kmph and y kmph respectively.

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So,
$$2.5(x - y) = x$$

$$\frac{x}{v} = \frac{5}{3}$$

Let x = 5a and y = 3a

Given that, x + y = 120

$$a = \frac{120}{8} = 15$$

So, x = 75 kmph and y = 45 kmph

Let total distance covered by him be D km

$$\frac{75}{4} = \frac{D}{2 \times (75 + 45)} + \frac{D}{2 \times (75 - 45)}$$

$$\frac{75}{2} = \frac{D}{120} + \frac{D}{30}$$

$$D = 900 \ km$$

S19. Ans.(a)

Sol. Speed of tractor = $\frac{360}{12}$ = 30 km/hr

Speed of jeep = $\frac{250}{100} \times 75$ km/hr

 \because Ratio of speed of Car, Jeep, and Tractor is 3:5:2

 \therefore Speed of car = $3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ km/hr}$

Required average speed of Car and Jeep = $\frac{75+45}{2}$ = 60 km/hr

S20. Ans (e)

Sol. We know

Perimeter of a rectangle=2(length+breadth)

Now, since perimeter of a circle= $2\pi r$

Therefore
$$2\pi r = 88$$
 ie $r = \frac{44}{\pi}$

Now, the area of the circle= πr^2

$$\pi \times \frac{44}{\pi} \times \frac{44}{\pi} = \frac{44 \times 44}{22} \times 7 = 616 \text{ cm}^2$$

S21. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$I. 2x^2 - 25x + 72 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 16x - 9x + 72 = 0$$

$$2x(x-8)-9(x-8)=0$$

$$x = 8, \frac{9}{2}$$

II.
$$4y^2 - 12y - 27 = 0$$

$$4y^2 + 6y - 18y - 27 = 0$$

$$2y(2y + 3) - 9(2y + 3) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{2}, \frac{9}{2}$$

$$x \ge y$$



Sol.

$$I. 8x^2 - 26x + 21 = 0$$

$$8x^2 - 14x - 12x + 21 = 0$$

$$2x(4x-7)-3(4x-7)=0$$

$$x = \frac{7}{4}, \frac{3}{2}$$

II.
$$10y^2 - 43y + 28 = 0$$

$$10v^2 - 35v - 8v + 28 = 0$$

$$5y(2y-7)-4(2y-7)=0$$

$$y = \frac{7}{2}, \frac{4}{5}$$

No relation

S23. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$I. x^2 - 18x + 65 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 13x - 5x + 65 = 0$$

$$(x-13)(x-5) = 0$$

$$x = 13.5$$

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II.
$$2y^2 - 17y + 35 = 0$$

 $2y^2 - 10y - 7y + 35 = 0$
 $(2y-7)(y-5) = 0$
 $y = 5, \frac{7}{2}$
 $x \ge y$

S24. Ans.(c)

Sol

I.
$$14x^2 + 21x - 10x - 15 = 0$$

 $7x(2x + 3) - 5(2x + 3) = 0$
 $x = \frac{-3}{2}, \frac{5}{7}$
II. $20y^2 - 15y - 16y + 12 = 0$
 $5y(4y - 3) - 4(4y - 3) = 0$
 $y = \frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{4}$

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol.

y > x

(i)
$$3x + 7y = 18$$

(ii)
$$9x - 2y = 8$$

Solving (i) and (ii)

$$x = 4/3, y = 2$$

y > x



S26. Ans.(b)

Sol.

35% of 1579 + 29% of 4516 =? × 41 + 468 + 773.98 - 199.53
$$\frac{35}{100} \times 1600 + \frac{30}{100} \times 4500 \approx ? \times 40 + 470 + 770 - 200$$

$$560 + 1350 \approx ? \times 40 + 1240 - 200$$

$$= 1910 \approx ? \times 40 + 1040$$

$$? \times 40 \approx 1910 - 1040$$

$$\therefore ? \approx \frac{870}{40} = 21.75 \approx 20$$

S27. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$(36 + ?) \times 9 = 49.05 \times 19.95 - 24.99 \times 14.12$$

or, $324 + 9 \times ? \approx 50 \times 20 - 25 \times 14$
or, $9 \times ? \approx 1000 - 350 - 324 = 326$
 $\therefore ? \approx \frac{326}{2} \approx 36$



S28. Ans.(a)

Sol.

?% of (4991.92) +732.85+ 14434.86=
$$5\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 195.95 + $6\frac{1}{4}$ of 2309.49 or, $\frac{?\times(5000)}{100} \approx \frac{26}{5} \times 195 + \frac{25}{4} \times 2300 - 730 - 14430$ or, ? × $50 \approx 1014 + 14375 - 730 - 14430$ = $15389 - 15160 = 229$ \therefore ? $\approx \frac{229}{50} \approx 5$

S29. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$(74.1)^{2.01} + (39)^{1.95} - (57)^{?} = 3750$$

or, $(57)^{?} \approx (74)^{2} + (39)^{2} - 3750$
 $= 5476 + 1521 - 3750$
 $= 6997 - 3750 = 3247 \approx 3249 = (57)^{2}$
 $\therefore ? \approx 2$

S30. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\frac{(36.54)^2 - (16.74)^2}{?} = 21$$

$$? \approx 50$$

S31. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Quantity I -

1st year amount =
$$21000 \times \frac{8}{7}$$

= 24000 Rs.

2nd year amount =
$$24000 \times \frac{9}{8}$$

$$= 27000 \text{ Rs}.$$

3rd year amount =
$$27000 \times \frac{10}{9}$$

$$= 30000 \text{ Rs}.$$

Interest =
$$30000 - 21000 = 9000$$
 Rs.

C investment =
$$80P + 80P \times \frac{1}{10}$$

$$= 88P Rs.$$

2 year CI on 12% =
$$\left(12 + 12 + \frac{12 \times 12}{100}\right) = 25.44\%$$

2 year CI on 15% =
$$\left(15 + 15 + \frac{15 \times 15}{100}\right) = 32.25\%$$

2 year CI on 20% =
$$\left(20 + 20 + \frac{20 \times 20}{100}\right) = 44\%$$

$$\frac{100P \times 25.44}{100} + \frac{32.25 \times 80P}{100} + \frac{44 \times 88P}{100} = 9445.8$$

$$P = \frac{944580}{8996} \times 100$$

$$P = 105 \text{ Rs}.$$

Amount invested by A= Rs 10500

So, Quantity I < Quantity II

S32. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Quantity I – Let marked price of article A = 100x

Marked price of article B = 120x

S. P. of article A =
$$100x \times \frac{3}{4} = 75x$$

S. P. of article B =
$$120 \times \frac{4}{5} = 96x$$

C. P. of article A =
$$75 \times \frac{5}{4} = 93.75x$$

C. P. of article B =
$$96x \times \frac{15}{16} = 90x$$

ATQ-

$$(93.75x + 90x) - (75x + 96x) = 765$$

$$183.75x - 171x = 765$$

$$12.75x = 765$$

$$x = 60$$

M.P. of article
$$B = 60 \times 120$$

$$= 7200 \text{ Rs}.$$

Quantity II - MP of shirt =
$$100x$$
 Rs

SP of shirt =
$$100 \times \frac{76}{100} = 76x$$
 Rs

Cost price of jeans =
$$76x \times \frac{5}{4}$$

$$=95x \text{ Rs}$$

Selling price of jeans =
$$95x \times \frac{110}{100}$$

$$= 104.5x Rs$$

$$104.5x - 76x = 1140 Rs$$

$$28.5x = 1140 \text{ Rs}.$$

$$X = 40 \text{ Rs}$$
.

Cost price of jeans =
$$95 \times 40 = 3800$$
 Rs.





S33. Ans.(b)

Sol. Quantity I -

Required cases = (1 green, 1 red, I blue) or (2 green, 1 blue) or (1 green, 2 blue)

$$= \frac{{}^{4}C_{1} \times {}^{3}C_{1} \times {}^{5}C_{1}}{{}^{12}C_{3}} + \frac{{}^{4}C_{2} \times {}^{5}C_{1}}{{}^{12}C_{3}} + \frac{{}^{4}C_{1} \times {}^{5}C_{2}}{{}^{12}C_{3}}$$

$$= \frac{3}{11} + \frac{3}{22} + \frac{2}{11}$$

$$= \frac{13}{22}$$

Quantity II - Favorable case = (2G, 2R) or (3G, 1R) or 4G

∴ Probability

$$= \frac{{}^{6}C_{2} \times {}^{5}C_{2}}{{}^{11}C_{4}} + \frac{{}^{6}C_{3} \times {}^{5}C_{1}}{{}^{11}C_{4}} + \frac{{}^{6}C_{4}}{{}^{11}C_{4}}$$

$$= \frac{15 \times 10}{330} + \frac{20 \times 5}{330} + \frac{15}{330}$$

$$= \frac{265}{330}$$

$$= \frac{53}{66}$$

So, Quantity I < Quantity II

S34. Ans.(e)

Sol. Quantity I – Let age of Rohit and Prakash six years ago be 7x years and 8x years respectively

$$\frac{\frac{7x+12}{6}}{\frac{8x+12}{3}} = \frac{9}{20}$$

$$140x + 240 = 144x + 216$$

$$x = 6$$
 years

Age of Rohit two years hence will be = $(7 \times 6 + 8) = 50$ years

Quantity II - Let age of A, B and C be 16y, 9y and 7y respectively.

$$(16y + 9y + 7y) = 35 \times 3 - 3 \times 3$$

$$32y = 96$$

$$y = 3 years$$

Age of A two years hence = $3 \times 16 + 2 = 50$ years

So, Quantity I = Quantity II

S35. Ans.(a)

Sol. Suresh: Ramesh =
$$100:60=5:3$$

Total work =
$$8 \times 22.5 = 180$$

Raj efficiency =
$$\frac{5}{6} \times 5 = \frac{25}{6} \text{w/d}$$

Raj alone can complete work in =
$$\frac{180 \times 6}{25}$$

$$=\frac{216}{5}=43\frac{1}{5}$$
 days

S36. Ans.(b)

Sol. Administration =
$$\frac{24}{100} \times 20000 - \frac{22}{100} \times 18000 = 4800 - 3960 = 840$$

Operations =
$$\frac{26}{100} \times 20000 - \frac{23}{100} \times 18000 = 5200 - 4140 = 1060$$

Sales & marketing =
$$\frac{20}{100} \times 20000 - \frac{18}{100} \times 18000 = 4000 - 3240 = 760$$

Financial & account =
$$\frac{29}{100} \times 18000 - \frac{20}{100} \times 20000 = 5220 - 4000 = 1220$$

Corporate
$$HQ = \frac{10}{100} \times 20000 - \frac{8}{100} \times 18000 = 2000 - 1440 = 560$$

So, max variation is in Financial & Account

S37. Ans.(c)

Sol. Required no. of employee =
$$\frac{26}{100} \times 20000 - \frac{23}{100} \times 18000 + 300$$

= $5200 - 4140 + 300 = 1360$

S38. Ans.(d)

Sol. No. of employee in sales & marketing in
$$2005 = \frac{18}{100} \times 18000 = 3240$$

No. of employee in sales & marketing in
$$2006 = \frac{20}{100} \times 20000 = 4000$$

So, required
$$\% = \frac{4000 - 3240}{3240} \times 100 = \frac{760}{3240} \times 100$$

S39. Ans.(d)

Sol. Required expense =
$$\frac{22}{100} \times 18000 \times 12000 = Rs \ 47520000$$

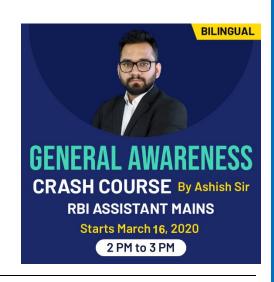
S40. Ans.(e)

$$=\frac{23}{100} \times 18000 + \frac{8}{100} \times 18000 = 4140 + 1440 = 5580$$

Total no. of employee in 2005 from operations and corporate HQ together

$$= \frac{20}{100} \times 20000 \times 2 = 8000$$

So, required
$$\% = \frac{5580}{8000} \times 100 = 69.75\%$$





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