

SEBI Grade A Quantitative Aptitude (Solutions)

S1. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let total journey = x Km

$$\frac{x}{2 \times 12} + \frac{x}{2 \times 18} = 20$$

$$\frac{x}{24} + \frac{x}{36} = 20$$

$$\frac{5x}{72} = 20$$

$$x = 288 \text{ Km}$$

S2. Ans.(d)

Sol. Both trains are of same length.

Let speed of 1st and 2nd trains are S_1 and S_2 m/sec. respectively.

then,

$$7S_1 + 9S_2 = 1260$$

$$\text{and } 7S_1 = 9S_2$$

$$\text{so, } 7S_1 = 9S_2 = \left(\frac{1260}{2}\right)$$

$$S_1 = 90 \text{ m/s}$$

$$S_2 = 70 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{So, difference of speed of both trains} = 90 - 70 = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. Downstream speed = Speed of boat + speed of current

Downstream speed = Speed of boat + 3

Speed of boat = 8 km/h

Upstream speed = Speed of boat - speed of current

$$x = 8 - 3$$

$$= 5 \text{ km/h}$$

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol. Pipe A can fill the tank = 5 hours

Pipe B can fill the tank = 6 hours

Pipe C can fill the tank = 30 hours

LCM of (5, 6, 30) = 30

A B C

Efficiency 6 5 1

So, time taken pipe A + B + C together to fill the tank

$$= \frac{30}{12} = 2 \frac{1}{2} \text{ hours}$$

TEST SERIES

Bilingual

Video Solutions



**SBI CLERK
MAINS**

25+ TOTAL TESTS | eBOOKS

S5. Ans.(a)**Sol.** Area of rectangle = $l \times b$

$$294 = 3x \times 2x$$

$$x^2 = 49$$

$$x = 7$$

length of rectangle = $3x = 3 \times 7 = 21$ cmside of square = $3 \times 21 = 63$ cmperimeter of square = $4 \times 63 = 252$ cm.**S6. Ans.(a)****Sol.** $x^2=144$

$$\therefore x = \pm 12$$

$$\therefore y^2-24y+144=0$$

$$\therefore y^2-12y-12y+144=0$$

$$\therefore y(y-12)-12(y-12)=0$$

$$\therefore (y-12)(y-12)=0$$

$$\therefore y = 12, 12$$

$$\therefore x \leq y$$

S7. Ans.(a)**Sol.** $2x^2-9x+10=0$

$$\therefore 2x^2-4x-5x+10=0$$

$$\therefore 2x(x-2)-5(x-2)=0$$

$$\therefore (x-2)(2x-5)=0$$

$$\therefore x = 2, \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\therefore 2y^2-13y+20=0$$

$$\therefore 2y^2-8y-5y+20=0$$

$$\therefore 2y(y-4)-5(y-4)=0$$

$$\therefore (y-4)(2y-5)=0$$

$$\therefore y=4, \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\therefore x \leq y$$

S8. Ans.(d)**Sol.** $2x^2+15x+27=0$

$$\therefore 2x^2+6x+9x+27=0$$

$$\therefore 2x(x+3) + 9(x+3)=0$$

$$\therefore (x+3)(2x+9)=0$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{-9}{2}, -3$$



$$2y^2+7y+6=0$$

$$\therefore 2y^2+4y+3y+6=0$$

$$\therefore 2y(y+2)+3(y+2)$$

$$\therefore (y+2)(2y+3)=0$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{-3}{2}, -2$$

$$\therefore x < y$$

S9. Ans.(c)

Sol. $3x^2-13x+12=0$

$$\therefore 3x^2-9x-4x+12=0$$

$$\therefore 3x(x-3)-4(x-3)=0$$

$$\therefore (x-3)(3x-4)=0$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{4}{3}, 3$$

$$3y^2-13y+14=0$$

$$\therefore 3y^2-6y-7y+14=0$$

$$\therefore 3y(y-2)-7(y-2)=0$$

$$\therefore (y-2)(3y-7)=0$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{7}{3}, 2$$

$$\therefore \text{No relation}$$

S10. Ans.(b)

Sol. $5x^2+8x+3=0$

$$\therefore 5x^2+5x+3x+3=0$$

$$\therefore 5x(x+1)+3(x+1)=0$$

$$\therefore (x+1)(5x+3)=0$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{-3}{5}, -1$$

$$3y^2+7y+4=0$$

$$\therefore 3y^2+3y+4y+4=0$$

$$\therefore 3y(y+1)+4(y+1)=0$$

$$\therefore (y+1)(3y+4)=0$$

$$\therefore y = -1, \frac{-4}{3}$$

$$\therefore x \geq y$$

S11. Ans.(b)

Sol. $578 + (9^2 + 1) = 679$

$$679 + (10^2 + 1) = 801$$

$$801 + (11^2 + 1) = 946$$

$$946 + (12^2 + 1) = 1116$$

$$\text{So, } ? + (8^2 + 1) = 578$$

$$? = 513$$



TEST SERIES

Bilingual



**SBI PO 2020
PRE + MAINS**

**Complete Topic-Wise
Test Series**

2500+ Questions

S12. Ans.(d)**Sol.** There are 2 series

2,4,8,16 and 3,6,15,?

$$2+2=4$$

$$4 + 2^2 = 8$$

$$8 + 2^3 = 16$$

And

$$3+3=6$$

$$6 + 3^2 = 15$$

$$15 + 3^3 = 72$$

So, ?=72

S13. Ans.(c)**Sol.** $(9^3 - 1) = 728$

$$(10^3 - 1) = 999$$

$$(11^3 - 1) = 1330$$

$$(12^3 - 1) = 1727$$

$$(13^3 - 1) = 2196$$

$$(14^3 - 1) = 2743$$

$$(15^3 - 1) = 3374$$

So, ?=3374

**S14. Ans.(a)****Sol.** $31 + 2^2 = 35$

$$35 + 3^2 = 44$$

$$44 + 4^2 = 60$$

$$60 + 5^2 = 85$$

$$85 + 6^2 = 121$$

$$121 + 7^2 = 170$$

So, ?=170

S15. Ans.(e)**Sol.** Series is sum of previous 2 terms

$$1+3=4$$

$$3+4=7$$

$$4+7=11$$

$$7+11=18$$

$$11+18=29$$

$$18+29=47$$

So, ? = 47

S16. Ans.(a)

$$\text{Sol. required ratio} = \frac{2000}{(4000-2500)} = \frac{2000}{1500} = \frac{4}{3}$$

S17. Ans.(d)

$$\text{Sol. required \%} = \frac{(2500-2000)+(4000-2500)}{3000} \times 100 = \frac{2000}{3000} \times 100 = 66.67\%$$

S18. Ans.(b)

$$\text{Sol. required average} = \frac{2000+2000+2500+2500}{4} = \frac{9000}{4} = 2250$$

S19. Ans.(c)

$$\text{Sol. Total girls in school A and B} = (3000 - 2000) + (2500 - 2000) \\ = 1000 + 500 = 1500$$

$$\text{Total girls in school B and D} = (2500 - 2000) + (3500 - 1500) \\ = 500 + 2000 = 2500$$

$$\text{So, required percentage} = \frac{2500-1500}{2500} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1000}{2500} \times 100 = 40\%$$

S20. Ans.(e)

$$\text{Sol. Total no. of girls in school A, C and D} \\ = (3000 - 2000) + (4000 - 2500) + (3500 - 1500) \\ = 1000 + 1500 + 2000 = 4500$$

$$\text{Required difference} = (2000 + 2500) - (4500) = 0$$

S21. Ans.(d)

Sol. Let the CP be P then SP is 1.225 P

$$\text{Now CP} = P + 40, \text{ SP} = 1.225P + 35$$

$$15 = \frac{1.225P+35-P-40}{P+40} \times 100$$

$$15 = \frac{0.225P-5}{P+40} \times 100$$

$$15P + 600 = 22.5P - 500$$

$$1100 = 7.5P$$

$$P = 146 \frac{2}{3}$$

S22. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let Shyam invested Rs. x

Then Atq

$$\frac{6500 \times 48}{x \times 40} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$x = 7200$$

Required Shyam's contribution = Rs. 7200

TEST SERIES

Bilingual

Video Solutions



**RBI ASSISTANT
MAINS**

25 Total Tests | eBooks

S23. Ans.(c)

$$\text{Sol. } \frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = 14000$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = 14000$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 14000 \times 3 = 42000$$

S24. Ans.(c)

Sol. Let 8 consecutive odd numbers are $x, x + 2, x + 4, x + 6, x + 8, x + 10, x + 12, x + 14$

$$\text{So, } 8x + 56 = 656$$

$$x = \frac{600}{8} = 75$$

Let 4 consecutive even numbers are $y, y + 2, y + 4, y + 6$

$$\text{So, } \frac{4y+12}{4} = 8$$

$$y = \frac{336}{4} = 84$$

$$\text{Now, } x + y + 4 = 75 + 84 + 4 = 163$$

S25. Ans.(b)

$$\text{Sol. Required probability} = \frac{{}^{26}C_2 \times {}^{26}C_1}{{}^{52}C_3} = \frac{26 \times 25 \times 26 \times 3 \times 2}{52 \times 51 \times 50 \times 2}$$

$$= \frac{13}{34}$$

S26. Ans.(b)

$$\text{Sol. } \sqrt{\sqrt{6400} + \sqrt{1681}} = ?^2 - 5$$

$$\sqrt{80 + 41} = ?^2 - 5$$

$$?^2 = 16$$

$$? = \pm 4$$

$$\text{So, } ? = 4$$

S27. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$2\frac{1}{17} \times 4\frac{6}{7} \div 3\frac{1}{3} - 2\frac{1}{2} = ? - 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$? = \frac{35}{17} \times \frac{34}{7} \times \frac{3}{10} - \frac{5}{2} + \frac{7}{2}$$

$$? = 4$$

S28. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$37\% \text{ of } 400 - 17\% \text{ of } 180 - ? = 5\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{37}{100} \times 400 - \frac{17}{100} \times 180 - ? = \frac{27}{5}$$

$$? = 112$$



S29. Ans.(c)

$$\text{Sol. } \sqrt[3]{1331} \div \sqrt[2]{2401} \times \sqrt[3]{343} = \frac{?}{7}$$

$$= 11 \div 49 \times 7 = \frac{?}{7}$$

$$= \frac{11}{49} \times 7 = \frac{?}{7}$$

So, ? = 11

S30. Ans.(b)

$$\text{Sol. } 15\% \text{ of } 1500 + 22\% \text{ of } 1100 - 13\% \text{ of } 1500 = ?$$

$$\frac{15}{100} \times 1500 + \frac{22}{100} \times 1100 - \frac{13}{100} \times 1500$$

$$= 225 + 242 - 195$$

$$= 272$$

12 Months Subscription



BANK

Useful for Bank & Insurance Exams

TEST PACK



BOOKS



Visit: publications.adda247.com & store.adda247.com
 For any information, mail us at publications@adda247.com