## S1. Ans.(a)

Sol. In 1000 ml of mixture,
Alcohol $=700 \mathrm{ml}$
Water $=300 \mathrm{ml}$
Let x ml of alcohol is mixed.
According to question
$\frac{300}{1000+\mathrm{x}} \times 100=15$
$1000+\mathrm{x}=2000 \Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=1000 \mathrm{ml}$

## S2. Ans.(e)

Sol. Present age of Meenakhi $=x$ years
Present age of Abhay $=y$ years
Now, according to question $=\frac{x+3}{y-3}=\frac{10}{9}$
$10 y-9 x=57$
and $\frac{x-3}{y+3}=\frac{17}{21}$
$21 x-17 y=114$ $\qquad$
$\therefore$ From eqn. (i) and (ii)
$x=37$ and $y=39$
$\therefore$ Meenakhi's present age $=37$ years

## S3. Ans.(a)

Sol. Let the no. be a, b \& c, where c is the highest
$\frac{a+b+c}{3 \times 3}=c-8$
$a+b+c=9 c-72$
Again, $a+b=16$
$16+c=9 c-72$
$c=11$

## S4. Ans.(a)

Sol. $(24 \times 65)+(30 \times 56)+(26 \times x)=53.5 \times 80$
$x=40$
TEST SERIES

## S5. Ans.(a)

Sol. Let cost of 1 guava $=x$
cost of 1 banana $=0.75 x$
Cost of 1 apple $=1.5 x$
Initial cost $=3 x+3 x+3 x=9 x$
Cost after increase $=\frac{110}{100} \times 9 x=9.9 x$
$\%$ increase $=\frac{0.9 x}{9 x}=10 \%$

## SBICLERK

 MAINSS6. Ans.(b)
Sol. $4 \times 1.5=6,6 \times 1.5=9,9 \times 1.5=13.5,13.5 \times 1.5=20.25,20.25 \times 1.5=30.375,30.375 \times 1.5=45.5625$

## S7. Ans.(b)

Sol. $12 \times 2-2=22,22 \times 3+3=69,69 \times 4-4=272,272 \times 5+5=1365,1365 \times 6-6=8184$

## S8. Ans. (c)

Sol. Series is $\times 2-2, \times 2+4, \times 2-6, \times 2+8, \times 2-10$

S9. Ans. (c)
Sol. $13 \times 1+1=14,14 \times 2+2=30,30 \times 3+3=93,93 \times 4+4=376,376 \times 5+5=1885,1885 \times 6+6=11316$
S10. Ans.(d)
Sol.


## S11. Ans.(a)

Sol. $\times 0.5, \times 1, \times 1.5, \times 2, \times 2.5$.
$\therefore 78 \times 2.5=195$

## S12. Ans.(d)

Sol.
$16 \times \frac{2.4}{100} ?=288$
$?=750$

## S13. Ans.(b)

Sol.
$\frac{(-251 \times 21 \times(-12))}{?}=\frac{15813}{100}$
$?=400$

S14. Ans.(c)
Sol. $3 \frac{2}{7}$ of $2 \frac{3}{23}$ of $123-14 \frac{2}{7} \%$ of 847
$=\frac{23}{7} \times \frac{49}{23} \times 123-\frac{100}{700} \times 847$
$=7 \times 123-\frac{847}{7}$
= 861-121
? $=740$

S15. Ans.(e)

## TEST SERIES

Sol. $\frac{1313}{1300}-\frac{1414}{700}+\frac{5500}{5000}+\frac{1717}{1700}$
= 1.01-2.02+1.1+1.01
? $=1.1$

## S16. Ans.(c)

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Test Series
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## Sol.

$17.98^{2}+\sqrt[4]{(15.98)^{2}}+\sqrt[3]{?^{37}}=329$
$18^{2}+\sqrt[4]{16^{2}}+\sqrt[3]{?^{37}}=329$
$324+16^{\frac{2}{4}}+\sqrt[3]{?^{37}}=329$
$\sqrt[3]{?^{37}}=1$
? = 1

## S17. Ans.(b)

Sol.
$(21.99 \div 11.13)^{3} \times 12.5 \%$ of $380-(19.995)^{2}=40.001-$ ?
$(22 \div 11)^{3} \times \frac{12.5}{100} \times 380-(20)^{2}=40-$ ?
$8 \times \frac{1}{8} \times 380-400=40-$ ?
? $=60$

## S18. Ans.(a)

## Sol.

$425.995 \times 0.66+(14.995)^{2}+(10.99)^{2}-4.995=?^{2}$
$426 \times \frac{2}{3}+15^{2}+11^{2}-5=?^{2}$
$284+225+121-5=?^{2}$
$625=?^{2}$
? $=25$

S19. Ans.(c)
Sol. $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{9}{4} \times \frac{7}{6}=\frac{35}{72} \cong 0.49$

## S20. Ans.(c)

Sol. $\frac{15 \times 62.5}{100}+0.48 \cong 10$

## S21. Ans.(e)

Sol. Number of male teachers in mathematics $=\left(1-\frac{1}{5}\right)=\frac{4}{5}$ th of total teachers in mathematics ATQ,
$=\frac{\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{20}{100} \times 3000}{\frac{25}{100} \times 3000} \times 100$
$=64 \%$

## S22. Ans.(d)

Sol. Number of teachers in mathematics=20\% total teachers
Number of teachers in chemistry= $10 \%$ total teachers
Number of teachers in physics=15\% total teachers
So, total number of teachers of mathematics, chemistry and physics $=45 \%$ of total teachers
$=\frac{45}{100} \times 3000$
$=1350$

## S23. Ans.(c)

Sol. Total number of teachers in mathematics and English=20\%+10\%=30\% total teachers
And total number of teachers in physics and chemistry $=15 \%+10 \%=25 \%$ total teachers
So, their difference=30\%-25\%
= 5\% total teachers
$=\frac{5}{100} \times 3000$
$=150$

## S24. Ans.(c)

Sol. Number of teachers in mathematics $=20 \%$ total teachers
Number of teachers in chemistry and statistics $=10 \%+25 \%=35 \%$
respective ratio $=20: 35$
= 4:7

## S25. Ans.(d)

Sol. Number of teachers in English, Mathematics and Physics=10\%+20\%+15\%=45\%
Their average $=\frac{45 \%}{3}=15 \%$
Number of teachers in Chemistry, Statistics and Hindi= 10\%+25\%+20\%=55\%
Their average $=\frac{55 \%}{3}$
Ratio $=15: \frac{55}{3}$
= 9:11

## S26. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let cost price of the article=Rs.100p
And selling price of the article= Rs.112p
If he had bought it at $10 \%$ more than actual cost price
So, new cost price= Rs.110p
ATQ
$110 \mathrm{p} \times \frac{110}{100}=112 \mathrm{p}+108$
$\mathrm{P}=12$
Therefore, cost price= Rs.100p
= Rs. 1200

## S27. Ans.(a)

Sol. The ratio between the profit of A, B and C $=105 \times 12: 40 \times 6+60 \times 6: 36 \times 12$
=105:50:36
Let the profit of $\mathrm{A}=$ Rs 105 p
Profit of B=Rs 50p
Profit of C=Rs 36p
So, the difference between the profit of A and $\mathrm{C}=\frac{105 p-36 p}{105 p+50 p+36 P} \times 38200$
$=\frac{69}{191} \times 38200$
=Rs. 13800

## S28. Ans.(b)

Sol. Amount in 2 years $=P\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{2}=5750$ $\qquad$
Amount in 3 years $=P\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{3}=8625$ $\qquad$
$\frac{8625}{5750}=\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)\{$ Divide (2) $\div(1)$
$\frac{r}{100}=\frac{2875}{5750}$
r = 50 \%

## S29. Ans.(e)

Sol. Let milk and water in $1^{\text {st }}$ Container $=2 x$ and $3 x$ respectively
And milk and water in $2^{\text {nd }}$ Container $=11 y$ and $14 y$ respectively.
since both quantities are same capacity
$2 x+3 x=11 y+14 y$
$\frac{x}{y}=\frac{5}{1}$
So, Ratio of milk and water in final mixture
$=\frac{2 x+11 y}{3 x+14 y}$
$=\frac{2 \times 5+11 \times 1}{3 \times 5+14 \times 1}$
$=\frac{21}{29}$

S30. Ans.(c)
Sol. Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \times \pi r^{2} h$
$=\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 10 \times 10 \times 27.3$
$=2860 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

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