

Quiz Date: 20th June 2020

Directions (1-5): In each of these questions, two equations (I) and (II) are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x \geq y$
- (c) if $x < y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$
- (e) if $x = y$ or No relation can be established between x and y .

Q1. I. $14x^2 + 11x - 15 = 0$

II. $20y^2 - 31y + 12 = 0$

Q2. I. $16x^2 - 40x - 39 = 0$

II. $12y^2 - 113y + 255 = 0$

Q3. I. $x^2 - 16x + 63 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 2y - 35 = 0$

Q4. I. $5x^2 + 26x - 24 = 0$

II. $5y^2 - 34y + 24 = 0$

Q5. I. $15x^2 - 41x + 14 = 0$

II. $2y^2 - 13y + 20 = 0$

Directions (6-10): In the following questions, calculate quantity I and quantity II, compare them and answer

- (a) If quantity I > quantity II
- (b) If quantity I < quantity II
- (c) If quantity I \geq quantity II
- (d) if quantity I \leq quantity II
- (e) if quantity I = quantity II or no relation can be established

Q6. Quantity I - B's age four years hence. if ratio of present age of A to B is 3 : 4. 8 years ago, B's age was 60% more than A's age.

Quantity II - Present age of Niraj. Mahendra is 12 year younger than Niraj. Niraj's age 3 years ago was three times the present age of Bhavya. At present Mahendra's age is twice the age of Bhavya.

Q7.

Quantity I - 'x' men can complete a work in $(x-2)$ days while $(x-10)$ men can complete same work in $2x$ days. Find the value of x ?

Quantity II - $x^2 + 5x - 300 = 0$. Find the value of x ?

Q8. Quantity I - Distance covered by truck (in km), truck covers a certain distance at certain speed. If speed is 4 km/hr more than the original speed it would take 4 hour less to cover the

same distance and if speed is 6 km/hr less than original speed it would take 8 hour more than the normal time.

Quantity II - 1440 km

Q9. **Quantity I** - The quantity of wine in the mixture (in lit) initially, a mixture contains wine and water in the ratio 5 : 1. On adding 5 litre of water, the ratio of wine to water becomes 5 : 2.

Quantity II - Final quantity of milk in container (in lit), a container contained 40 lit milk. Out of this 5 lit of milk was taken out and replaced with water. This process was repeated two more times further.

Q10. **Quantity I, cost price of book (in Rs)** : If the book is sold at a profit of 5% instead of 5% of loss, the shopkeeper get Rs 18 more.

Quantity II, selling price of bottle (in Rs) : A shopkeeper marked up the price of the bottle by 50% and gives a discount of $16\frac{2}{3}\%$. The cost price of the bottle is Rs 160.



Solutions

S1. Ans (c)

$$\text{Sol. I. } 14x^2 + 11x - 15 = 0$$

$$14x^2 + 21x - 10x - 15 = 0$$

$$7x(2x + 3) - 5(2x + 3) = 0$$

$$(7x - 5)(2x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{5}{7}, -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{II. } 20y^2 - 31y + 12 = 0$$

$$20y^2 - 15y - 16y + 12 = 0$$

$$5y(4y - 3) - 4(4y - 3) = 0$$

$$(5y - 4)(4y - 3) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow x < y$$

S2. Ans (c)

$$\text{Sol. I. } 16x^2 - 40x - 39 = 0$$

$$16x^2 - 52x + 12x - 39 = 0$$

$$4x(4x - 13) + 3(4x - 13) = 0$$

$$(4x - 13)(4x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{13}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{II. } 12y^2 - 113y + 255 = 0$$

$$12y^2 - 68y - 45y + 255 = 0$$

$$4y(3y - 17) - 15(3y - 17) = 0$$

$$(3y - 17)(4y - 15) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{15}{4}, \frac{17}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x < y$$

S3. Ans (b)

$$\text{Sol. I. } x^2 - 16x + 63 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 7x - 9x + 63 = 0$$

$$x(x - 7) - 9(x - 7) = 0$$

$$(x - 7)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$x = 9, 7$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 2y - 35 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 5y - 7y - 35 = 0$$

$$y(y + 5) - 7(y + 5) = 0$$

$$(y - 7)(y + 5) = 0$$

$$y = 7, -5$$

$$\Rightarrow x \geq y$$

S4. Ans (d)

$$\text{Sol. I. } 5x^2 + 26x - 24 = 0$$

$$5x^2 + 30x - 4x - 24 = 0$$

$$5x(x + 6) - 4(x + 6) = 0$$

$$(5x - 4)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{4}{5}, -6$$

$$\text{II. } 5y^2 - 34y + 24 = 0$$

$$5y^2 - 30y - 4y + 24 = 0$$

$$5y(y - 6) - 4(y - 6) = 0$$

$$(5y - 4)(y - 6) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}, 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x \leq y$$

S5. Ans (c)

$$\text{Sol. I. } 15x^2 - 41x + 14 = 0$$

$$15x^2 - 35x - 6x + 14 = 0$$

$$5x(3x - 7) - 2(3x - 7) = 0$$

$$(5x - 2)(3x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{7}{3}, \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\text{II. } 2y^2 - 13y + 20 = 0$$

$$2y^2 - 8y - 5y + 20 = 0$$

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$$2y(y - 4) - 5(y - 4) = 0$$

$$(2y - 5)(y - 4) = 0$$

$$y = 4, \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x < y$$



S6. Ans (b)

Sol.

From quantity I -

Let Present age of A and B be a and b respectively

ATQ,

$$b - 8 = 1.6(a - 8)$$

$$5b - 40 = 8a - 64$$

$$\Rightarrow 8a - 5b = 24 \dots(i)$$

$$\text{while } \frac{a}{b} = \frac{3}{4} \dots(ii)$$

On solving (i) & (ii)

$$a = 18, b = 24$$

$$B's \text{ age four years hence} = 24 + 4 = 28 \text{ years}$$

From quantity II-

Let present age of Mahendra = x

So present age of Niraj = $x + 12$

$$\text{Present age of Bhavya} = \frac{(x+12-3)}{3}$$

$$= \frac{x+9}{3}$$

Now,

$$\frac{x}{\frac{x+9}{3}} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$x = 18$$

$$\text{Niraj's age} \Rightarrow 18 + 12 = 30$$

So, quantity II > quantity I

S7. Ans (a)

Sol.

From quantity I -

$$\text{Total work} = (x)(x-2) = (x-10)(2x)$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 2 = 2x - 20 \Rightarrow x = 18$$

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From quantity II -

$$x^2 + 5x - 300 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 20x - 15x - 300 = 0$$

$$x(x + 20) - 15(x + 20) = 0$$

$$(x + 20)(x - 15) = 0$$

$$x = -20, 15$$

So, quantity I > quantity II

S8. Ans (e)

Sol. from quantity I -

We know

$$\text{Distance}(D) = \text{Speed}(S) \times \text{time}(t)$$

ATQ

$$(S + 4)(t - 4) = St$$

$$(S - 6)(t + 8) = st$$

$$-4S + 4t = 16 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$8S - 6t = 48$$

$$+4S - 3t = 24 \quad \dots(ii)$$

Solving (i) & (ii)

$$t = 40 \text{ hours, } S = 36 \text{ km/hour}$$

$$\text{Distance} = 40 \times 36 = 1440 \text{ km}$$

So, quantity I = Quantity II

S9. Ans (b)

Sol. from quantity I -

Let wine and water be $5x$ litre and x litre respectively

$$\text{Now, } \frac{5x}{x+5} = \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow 10x = 5x + 25$$

$$x = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{c|c} 25 : 5 & 25 : 10 \\ \text{Before mixture} & \text{After mixture} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Quantity of wine} = 25\ell$$

from quantity II -

Remaining milk in the container

$$= x \left[1 - \frac{y}{x} \right]^n$$

Where, x = Initial quantity of milk

And, y = Quantity of milk taken out

$$= 40 \left[1 - \frac{5}{40} \right]^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 40 \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{7}{8} \approx 26.8 \text{ lit}$$

So, quantity II > quantity I

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S10. Ans (b)

Sol. from quantity I,

Let cost price of the book be Rs $100x$.

ATQ

$$105x - 95x = 18$$

$$x = 1.8$$

So, cost price of book = $100x = Rs\ 180$

From quantity II,

$$\text{Selling price of bottle} = 160 \times \frac{150}{100} \times \frac{5}{6} = Rs\ 200$$

\therefore quantity II > quantity I



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