

Direction (1-5):- What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions?

Q1. 36, 49, 75, 114, 166, ?

- (a) 225
- (b) 218
- (c) 231
- (d) 244
- (e) 235

Q2. 1, 3, 9, 21, 41, ?

- (a) 61
- (b) 71
- (c) 83
- (d) 78
- (e) 68

Q3. 114, 110, 101, ?, 60, 24

- (a) 91
- (b) 84
- (c) 87
- (d) 85
- (e) 83

Q4. 343, ?, 125, 16, 27, 4

- (a) 216
- (b) 36
- (c) 49
- (d) 64
- (e) 81

Q5. ?, 36, 37, 76, 307, 2460

- (a) 35.5
- (b) 48
- (c) 35
- (d) 64
- (e) 72

Directions (6-10): What approximate value will come in place of (x) in the following questions?

Q6. $\sqrt{1023.99} + \sqrt{63.89} + \sqrt{960.89} + x = 24.99\% \text{ of } 699.99$

- (a) 104
- (b) 111
- (c) 96

- (d) 90
- (e) 120

Q7. $(26.99)^2 + (15.91)^2 + \sqrt{x} = 20.11\% \text{ of } 4999.99$

- (a) 196
- (b) 175
- (c) 200
- (d) 210
- (e) 225

Q8. $74.99\% \text{ of } 255.89 + \frac{39.94}{\sqrt{x}} = 47.99\% \text{ of } 649.81$

- (a) $\frac{1}{16}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{9}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{25}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (e) $\frac{1}{36}$

Q9. $\frac{2.99}{3.99} \times \sqrt[3]{511.99} + 123.9\% \text{ of } 650.11 = x$

- (a) 850
- (b) 792
- (c) 812
- (d) 841
- (e) 750

Q10. $\frac{1699}{85\% \text{ of } 125} - 249.9 \div \left(\frac{5}{8} \times 100\right) \times \sqrt{x} = 0$

- (a) 4
- (b) 9
- (c) 25
- (d) 8
- (e) 16

L1Difficulty 2

QTags Approximation

QCreator Amit Kumar Singh

Direction (11-15): In the following questions, two equations (I) and (II) are given. You have to solve both the equations and mark the appropriate answer.

Q11. I. $3x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$

II. $6y^2 - y = 2$

- (a) $x < y$
- (b) $x > y$
- (c) $x \leq y$

- (d) $x \geq y$
(e) $x = y$ or no relation.

Q12. I. $2x - \frac{3}{x} = 5$

II. $y^2 - 8y + 15 = 0$

- (a) $x < y$
(b) $x > y$
(c) $x \leq y$
(d) $x \geq y$
(e) $x = y$ or no relation.

Q13. I. $\sqrt{2x+9} + x = 13$

II. $y^2 = 16$

- (a) $x < y$
(b) $x > y$
(c) $x \leq y$
(d) $x \geq y$
(e) $x = y$ or no relation.

Q14. I. $\sqrt{7}x^2 - 6x - 13\sqrt{7} = 0$

II. $y^2 - 9y - 36 = 0$

- (a) $x < y$
(b) $x > y$
(c) $x \leq y$
(d) $x \geq y$
(e) $x = y$ or no relation.

Q15. I. $x^2 - 11x + 30 = 0$

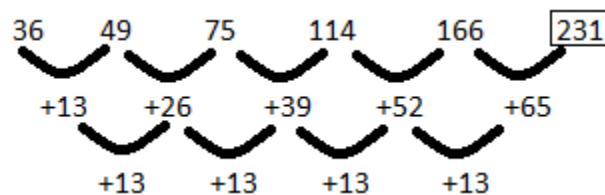
II. $y^2 - 7y + 10 = 0$

- (a) $x < y$
(b) $x > y$
(c) $x \leq y$
(d) $x \geq y$
(e) $x = y$ or no relation.

Solutions

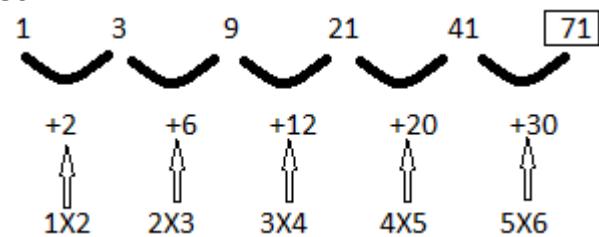
S1. Ans(c)

Sol.



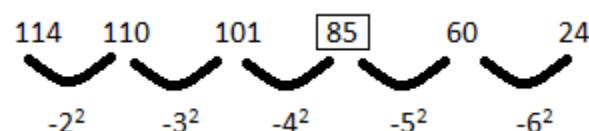
S2. Ans(b)

Sol.



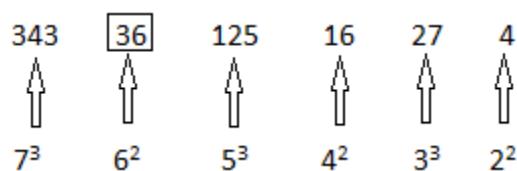
S3. Ans(d)

Sol.



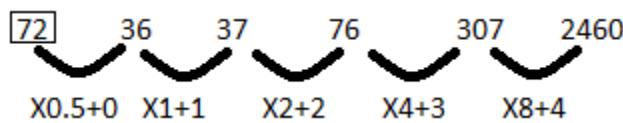
S4. Ans(b)

Sol.



S5. Ans(e)

Sol.



S6. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\approx 32 + 8 + 31 + x = \frac{25}{100} \times 700$$

$$\approx 71 + x = 25 \times 7$$

$$\approx x = 104$$

S7. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\approx 729 + 256 + \sqrt{x} = \frac{20}{100} \times 5000$$

$$\approx \sqrt{x} = 15$$

$$\approx x = 225$$

S8. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\approx \frac{75}{100} \times 256 + \frac{40}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{48}{100} \times 650$$

$$\approx 192 + \frac{40}{\sqrt{x}} = 312$$

$$\approx \frac{40}{\sqrt{x}} = 120$$

$$\approx x = \left(\frac{40}{120}\right)^2$$

$$\approx x = \frac{1}{9}$$

S9. Ans.(c)

$$\text{Sol. } \approx \frac{3}{4} \times 8 + \frac{124}{100} \times 650 = x$$

$$\approx 6 + 806 = x$$

$$\approx x = 812$$

S10. Ans.(e)

$$\text{Sol. } \approx \frac{1700}{\frac{85}{100} \times 125} - \frac{250}{\frac{5}{8} \times 100} \times \sqrt{x} = 0$$

$$\approx 16 - 4\sqrt{x}$$

$$\approx \sqrt{x} = 4$$

$$\approx x = 16$$

S11. Ans(a)

Sol.

$$\text{I. } 3x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 3x + 2x + 2 = 0$$

$$3x(x+1) + 2(x+1) = 0$$

$$(x+1)(3x+2)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1, -2/3$$

$$\text{II. } 6y^2 - y - 2 = 0$$

$$6y^2 + 3y - 4y - 2 = 0$$

$$3y(2y+1) - 2(2y+1) = 0$$

$$(3y-2)(2y+1)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2/3, \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$\text{So, } y > x$$

S12. Ans(c)

$$\text{Sol. I. } 2x - \frac{3}{x} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 3 = 5x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x + x - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x(x - 3) + 1(x - 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 3)(2x + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3, -1/2$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 8y + 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 3y - 5y + 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y - 3) - 5(y - 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 3)(y - 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 3, 5$$

So, $y \geq x$

S13. Ans(b)

$$\text{Sol. I. } \sqrt{2x + 9} + x = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2x + 9} = 13 - x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + 9 = (13 - x)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + 9 = 169 + x^2 - 26x$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 28x + 160 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 20x - 8x + 160 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 20) - 8(x - 20) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 20)(x - 8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 8, 20$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 = 16$$

$$y = \pm 4$$

so, $x > y$.

S14. Ans(e)

$$\text{Sol. I. } \sqrt{7}x^2 - 6x - 13\sqrt{7} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{7}x^2 - 13x + 7x - 13\sqrt{7} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{7}x^2 + 7x - 13x - 13\sqrt{7} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{7}x(x + \sqrt{7}) - 13(x + \sqrt{7}) = 0$$

$$= (\sqrt{7}x - 13)(x + \sqrt{7}) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{13}{\sqrt{7}}, -\sqrt{7}.$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 9y - 36 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 12y + 3y - 36 = 0$$

$$y(y - 12) + 3(y - 12) = 0$$

$$(y - 12)(y + 3) = 0$$

$$y = 12, -3$$

So, no relation

S15. Ans(d)

$$\text{Sol. I. } x^2 - 11x + 30 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 5x - 6x + 30 = 0$$

$$x(x - 5) - 6(x - 5) = 0$$

$$(x - 5)(x - 6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5, 6$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 7y + 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 2y - 5y + 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y - 2) - 5(y - 2) = 0$$

$$(y - 5)(y - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2, 5.$$

So, $x \geq y$.