

Course: IBPS RRB Prelims

Subject: Simplification and Quadratic Inequalities

Time:10 Minutes

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Directions (1-10): निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या मान आना चाहिए-

Q1. $\left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^0 + (64)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + (-32)^{\frac{4}{5}} = ?$

- (a) $17\frac{1}{8}$
- (b) $17\frac{3}{8}$
- (c) $11\frac{7}{8}$
- (d) $17\frac{7}{8}$
- (e) 15

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification

QCreatorDeepak Rohilla

Q2. If $\sqrt{2^?} = 64$

- (a) 8
- (b) 10
- (c) 12
- (d) 16
- (e) 14

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification

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Q3. $11\frac{1}{3} \times 4\frac{8}{10} \div ? = 22\frac{2}{3}$

- (a) 2.4
- (b) 4.2
- (c) 2.6
- (d) 2.8
- (e) 3.2

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification
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Q4. $(1.06 + 0.04)^2 - ? = 4 \times 1.06 \times 0.04$

- (a) 1.04
- (b) 1.4
- (c) 1.5
- (d) Can't be determined
- (e) 1.0404

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification
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Q5. $[(140)^2 \div 70 \times 16] \div 8 = 14 \times ?$

- (a) 38
- (b) 22
- (c) 55
- (d) 40
- (e) 36

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification
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Q6. $2151.46 + 5437.54 - 6795 = ?$

- (a) 974
- (b) 794
- (c) 796
- (d) 790
- (e) 792

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification
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Q7. $\frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 215 + \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 128 - \frac{4}{7} \text{ of } 147 = ?$

- (a) 94
- (b) 96
- (c) 98
- (d) 92
- (e) 100

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification
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Q8. $56\% \text{ of } 700 + 64\% \text{ of } 900 - 40\% \text{ of } 290 = ?$

- (a) 848
- (b) 852
- (c) 850
- (d) 854
- (e) 846

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification

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Q9. $7777 \div 11 + 888 \div 6 = ?$

- (a) 855
- (b) 857
- (c) 853
- (d) 850
- (e) 852

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification

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Q10. $\sqrt[3]{1331} \times \frac{3}{11} \% \text{ of } 14300 = ?$

- (a) 426
- (b) 427
- (c) 431
- (d) 429
- (e) 432

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsSimplification

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Directions (11-15): निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में दो समीकरण I और II दिए गए हैं। दोनों समीकरणों को हल करें और उत्तर दीजिए-

I. $2x^2 - 13x + 21 = 0$

II. $2y^2 - 9y + 10 = 0$

Q11.

- (a) यदि $x > y$
- (b) यदि $x < y$
- (c) यदि $x \geq y$
- (d) यदि $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ या x और y के बीच संबंध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता है

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsQuadratic Inequalities
QCreatorDeepak Rohilla

I. $3x^2 - 14x + 15 = 0$

II. $2y^2 - 9y + 9 = 0$

Q12.

- (a) यदि $x > y$
- (b) यदि $x < y$
- (c) यदि $x \geq y$
- (d) यदि $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ या x और y के बीच संबंध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता है

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsQuadratic Inequalities
QCreatorDeepak Rohilla

I. $x^2 - 32 = 112$

II. $y - \sqrt{169} = 0$

- Q13.
- (a) यदि $x > y$
 - (b) यदि $x \geq y$
 - (c) यदि $x < y$
 - (d) यदि $x \leq y$
 - (e) यदि $x = y$ या संबंध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता है

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsQuadratic Inequalities
QCreatorDeepak Rohilla

I. $x - \sqrt{121} = 0$

II. $y^2 - 121 = 0$

- Q14.
- (a) यदि $x > y$
 - (b) यदि $x \geq y$
 - (c) यदि $x < y$
 - (d) यदि $x \leq y$
 - (e) यदि $x = y$ या संबंध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता है

L1Difficulty 2

QTagsQuadratic Inequalities
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I. $2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$

Q15. **II.** $8y^3 + 27 = 0$

- (a) यदि $x > y$
- (b) यदि $x \geq y$
- (c) यदि $x < y$
- (d) यदि $x \leq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या संबंध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता है

L1Difficulty 2

QTags Quadratic Inequalities

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Solutions

S1. Ans.(a)

$$\begin{aligned}1 + \frac{1}{(64)^{\frac{1}{2}}} + (-2)^4 \\= 17\frac{1}{8}\end{aligned}$$

Sol.

S2. Ans.(c)

$$\sqrt{2^?} = 64, 2^? = 64 \times 64 = 2^{12}$$

$$?=12$$

Sol.

S3. Ans.(a)

$$\frac{\frac{34}{3} \times \frac{48}{10}}{\frac{68}{3}} = ?, ? = 2.4$$

Sol.

S4. Ans.(e)

$$(1.1)^2 - (4.24 \times 0.04) = ?$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 1.0404$$

Sol.

S5. Ans.(d)

$$? = \frac{(280 \times 16) \div 8}{14} = 40$$

Sol.

S6. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$? = 794$$

S7. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$? = 86 + 96 - 84 = 98$$

S8. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$? = 56 \times 7 + 64 \times 9 - 4 \times 29$$

$$= 852$$

S9. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$? = 707 + 148$$

$$= 855$$

S10. Ans.(d)

$$\begin{aligned} ? &= 11 \times \frac{3}{1100} \times 14300 = 429 \\ \text{Sol.} & \end{aligned}$$

S11. Ans. (a)

$$\text{I. } 2x^2 - 13x + 21 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x - 7x + 21 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-3)(2x-7) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3, \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\text{II. } 2y^2 - 9y + 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 4y - 5y + 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y-2)(2y-5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2, \frac{5}{2}$$

$$x > y$$

Sol.

S12. Ans. (e)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } & 3x^2 - 14x + 15 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & 3x^2 - 9x - 5x + 15 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & (x-3)(3x-5) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & x = 3, \frac{5}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II. } & 2y^2 - 9y + 9 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & 2y^2 - 6y - 3y + 9 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & (y-3)(2y-3) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & y = 3, \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Sol. No relation

S13. Ans.(c)

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{I}) & x^2 - 32 = 112 \\ \Rightarrow & x^2 = 112 + 32 \\ \Rightarrow & x = \pm 12 \\ (\text{II}) & y = \sqrt{169} \\ \Rightarrow & y = 13 \\ \therefore & y > x \end{aligned}$$

Sol.

S14. Ans.(b)

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{I}) & x - \sqrt{121} = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & x = \sqrt{121} \\ \Rightarrow & x = 11 \\ (\text{II}) & y^2 - 121 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & y^2 = 121 \\ \Rightarrow & y = \pm 11 \\ \therefore & x \geq y \end{aligned}$$

Sol.

S15. Ans. (b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } & 2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0 \\ & 2x^2 + 2x + 3x + 3 = 0 \\ & (x+1)(2x+3) = 0 \\ & x = -1, -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II. } & y^3 = -\frac{27}{8} \\ & y = -\frac{3}{2} \\ & x \geq y \end{aligned}$$

Sol.

