

Recruitment of Probationary Officers (2025-26) Pre Examination Training to Eligible Candidates : English Language Set 1									
S.No	Header	Question	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Option 5	Answer	Explanation
1	<p>Direction (1-5): A paragraph is given below with 5 blanks. Below 5 different phrases are also given, which will fill these blanks and make a coherent passage. You are required to find the correct place for these phrases and fill in the blanks.</p> <p>For the eighth year running, the Centre has announced the Swachh Survekshan Awards, its annual exercise of awarding cities, towns and States _____(m)_____. In an exercise that has now become predictable, the city of Indore, in Madhya Pradesh, has been adjudged India's cleanest city for the seventh year in a row. The only change is that this year, it has to share honours with Surat, Gujarat.</p> <p>Last year, Surat came second, _____(n)_____. Bhopal, Indore, Surat and Visakhapatnam have entrenched themselves over the years. There is a certain volatility beyond the top 10 — Ahmedabad, Chandigarh and Gwalior, for instance, are volatile cities — but the top cities are consistent.</p> <p>All of this is suggestive of a degree of stagnation. Another quirk of the survey is that it creates multiple sub-categories, so _____(o)_____. Thus, while it is meaningful to create subcategories based on population, some classifications stretch credulity. Mhow in Madhya Pradesh has been awarded as the cleanest 'cantonment' town. Varanasi and Prayagraj are proud winners of the 'Cleanest Ganga town' and Chandigarh is the cleanest 'Best Safaimitra Surakshit Sheher' (Cities safest for sanitation workers). Other than obvious criticisms of parochialism — why for instance cannot there be the cleanest Cauvery or Narmada town? — it ends up focusing too much attention on the top. The underlying principle of several ranking schemes put in place by the Centre is to 'motivate' sections — cities, villages, schools — to pull themselves up on their own mettle. While this works well for sporting contests, public sanitation is not something _____(p)_____. It is heavily influenced by their history, economic conditions and proximity to power. That a few cities are perpetually at the top means that there is less attention paid to the factors that hinder a general improvement in sanitation. One way to make future editions of the survey work as a useful barometer of progress is to acknowledge that consistent toppers _____(q)_____, so, retire them from future rankings for a few years. This will throw focus and highlight challenges that stymie other cities. For civic sanitation to remain a sustainable movement, it is high time that the government intervenes and prevents it from being a numbers game.</p> <p>1. have already put in place a well-oiled system and having done</p> <p>2. which is not surprising as it usually occupied the higher echelons of the ranking ladder in earlier editions</p> <p>3. that is the result of a town or city actively choosing to be lazy or industrious in improving themselves</p> <p>4. which have performed impressively on various parameters of public sanitation</p> <p>5. that many more cities have a chance at top-scoring in some category or the other</p>	Which of the following phrases can contextually and grammatically fill the place m?	3	4	1	2	5	4	The blank in the sentence is best filled with option 4: "which have performed impressively on various parameters of public sanitation". It directly states that the awards are for cities that have performed impressively on public sanitation parameters, aligning perfectly with the purpose of the awards. It logically follows the flow of the sentence, completing it meaningfully and grammatically.
2		Which of the following phrases can contextually and grammatically fill the place n?	5	4	2	3	1	2	The blank in the sentence is best filled with option 2: "which is not surprising as it usually occupied the higher echelons of the ranking ladder in earlier editions." Option 2 explains that Surat's high ranking this year is not surprising because it has a history of performing well ("usually occupied the higher echelons of the ranking ladder"). This aligns perfectly with the context, providing a logical transition from last year's second place to its current achievement.
3		Which of the following phrases can contextually and grammatically fill the place o?	3	2	1	5	4	5	The blank in the sentence is best filled with option 5: "that many more cities have a chance at top-scoring in some category or the other." Option 5 directly ties the creation of multiple sub-categories to its effect: giving many cities a chance to excel in at least one category. This explanation aligns logically with the idea of the survey's structure allowing more inclusivity or opportunities for recognition.
4		Which of the following phrases can contextually and grammatically fill the place p?	4	1	2	5	3	3	The blank in the sentence is best filled with option 3: "that is the result of a town or city actively choosing to be lazy or industrious in improving themselves." Option 3 is the most suitable choice because it directly contrasts the nature of sporting contests with public sanitation, emphasising the active choices made by cities or towns, which aligns perfectly with the sentence's intent
5		Which of the following phrases can contextually and grammatically fill the place q?	1	5	4	3	2	1	Option 1 is the most suitable choice because it emphasises that consistent toppers have already achieved a high standard, justifying their temporary exclusion from rankings to make the survey more inclusive and forward-looking.
6	<p>In the following questions two statements are given. Each sentence is divided into four parts and they're jumbled. Also, in the sentences, certain words are in bold and numbered from a to f, which are the possible pairs to be interchanged. Choose the pair(s) of the words that need(s) to be interchanged and after rearranging the words, arrange the parts to make the sentences grammatically correct.</p> <p>(i) despite its fragile nature, the (a) dedicated glass ornament, (P) / adorned with intricate patterns and vibrant colours, held (b) brief value (Q) / memories and (c) experience the enduring bonds of family and tradition (R) / for generations, passing down a legacy of cherished (S)</p> <p>(ii) she wholeheartedly (d) delicate herself, (T) / in her (e) sentimental stint on the challenging project, (U) / determination, gaining valuable (f) symbolising for future endeavours (V) / navigating through tasks with resilience and (W)</p>	Which of the following pairs of words can be interchanged to make both the sentences grammatically and contextually correct?	All a-f, b-d and c-e	Both a-d and b-f	All a-d, b-e and c-f	Only a-d	No rearrangement required	All a-d, b-e and c-f	Correct Arrangement: (i) despite its fragile nature, the delicate glass ornament, (P) / adorned with intricate patterns and vibrant colours, held sentimental value (Q) / for generations, passing down a legacy of cherished (S) / memories and symbolising the enduring bonds of family and tradition (R). (ii) in her brief stint on the challenging project, (U) / she wholeheartedly dedicated herself, (T) / navigating through tasks with resilience and (W) / determination, gaining valuable experience for future endeavours (V)
7		Which of the correct orders of the parts will make both the sentences coherent?	PQSR and UTWV	SQRP and VWUT	PRQS and TUWV	SRQP and WVUT	No rearrangement required	PQSR and UTWV	

8	In the following questions two statements are given. Each sentence is divided into four parts and they're jumbled. Also, in the sentences, certain words are in bold and numbered from a to f, which are the possible pairs to be interchanged. Choose the pair(s) of the words that need(s) to be interchanged and after rearranging the words, arrange the parts to make the sentences grammatically correct. (i) the fervent dissemination of (a) seditious ideas and the (P) / significant (b) offered to the stability of a nation, potentially inciting (Q) / promotion of discontent among the populace can pose a (R) / unrest and undermining the foundations of established (c) challenge structures (S) (ii) terrain (d) threat stunning vistas, allowing (T) / the challenging (e) hike through rugged (U) /	Which of the following pairs of words can be interchanged to make both the sentences grammatically and contextually correct?	All a-f, b-d and c-e.	Both a-d and b-f	All a-d, b-e and c-f	Both b-d and c-f	No rearrangement required	Both b-d and c-f	(i) the fervent dissemination of seditious ideas and the (P) / promotion of discontent among the populace can pose a (R) / significant threat to the stability of a nation, potentially inciting (Q) / unrest and undermining the foundations of established governance structures (S) (ii) the challenging hike through rugged (U) / terrain offered stunning vistas, allowing (T) / adventurers to connect with nature and relish the (V) / invigorating challenge of the great outdoors (W)
9	adventurers to connect with nature and relish the (V) / invigorating (f) governance of the great outdoors (W)	Which of the correct orders of the parts will make both the sentences coherent?	PQSR and UTWV	SQRP and VWUT	PRQS and UTVW	SRQP and WVUT	No rearrangement required	PRQS and UTVW	
10	In the following questions two statements are given. Each sentence is divided into four parts and they're jumbled. Also, in the sentences, certain words are in bold and numbered from a to f, which are the possible pairs to be interchanged. Choose the pair(s) of the words that need(s) to be interchanged and after rearranging the words, arrange the parts to make the sentences grammatically correct. (i) reflected their (a) attention and determination (P) / obstacles to build a (b) thriving enterprise that (Q) / in their daring venture, they navigated (R) / the business (c) clashed with innovation, overcoming (S) (ii) law enforcement, highlighting (d) pressing social (T) / issues demanding (e) vision and resolution (U) / escalating tensions in the crowd erupted (V) / into a riot, as protesters (f) landscape with (W)	Which of the following pairs of words can be interchanged to make both the sentences grammatically and contextually correct?	All a-f, b-d and c-e	Both a-e and c-f	All a-e, b-d and c-f	Both b-d and c-f	No rearrangement required	Both a-e and c-f	(i) in their daring venture, they navigated (R) / the business landscape with innovation, overcoming (S) / obstacles to build a thriving enterprise that (Q) / reflected their vision and determination (P) (ii) escalating tensions in the crowd erupted (V) / into a riot, as protesters clashed with (W) / law enforcement, highlighting pressing social (T) / issues demanding attention and resolution (U)
11		Which of the correct orders of the parts will make both the sentences coherent?	PQSR and UTWV	SQRP and VWUT	PRQS and UTVW	RSQP and VWTU	No rearrangement required	RSQP and VWTU	
12	In the following questions two statements are given. Each sentence is divided into four parts and they're jumbled. Also, in the sentences, certain words are in bold and numbered from a to f, which are the possible pairs to be interchanged. Choose the pair(s) of the words that need(s) to be interchanged and after rearranging the words, arrange the parts to make the sentences grammatically correct. (i) during his academic tenure, Professor Johnson (P) / physics, publishing (a) symbols research and (Q) / made (b) complexity contributions to quantum (R) / mentoring numerous students with his (c) glimpse of knowledge (S) (ii) the ancient artefact's baffling (d) significant left (T) / archaeologists perplexed, as they tried to (U) / civilization's achievements, offering a (e) wealth into a mysterious past (V) decipher enigmatic (f) groundbreaking hinting at a lost (W)	Which of the following pairs of words can be interchanged to make both the sentences grammatically and contextually correct?	All a-f, b-d and c-e	Both a-d and b-f	All a-f, b-e and c-d	Both b-e and c-f	No rearrangement required	All a-f, b-d and c-e	(i) during his academic tenure, Professor Johnson (P) / made significant contributions to quantum (R) / physics, publishing groundbreaking research and (Q) / mentoring numerous students with his wealth of knowledge (S) (ii) the ancient artefact's baffling complexity left (T) / archaeologists perplexed, as they tried to (U) / decipher enigmatic symbols hinting at a lost (W) / civilization's achievements, offering a glimpse into a mysterious past (V)
13		Which of the correct orders of the parts will make both the sentences coherent?	RPQS and WVTU	SQRP and VWUT	PRQS and TUWV	SRQP and WVUT	No rearrangement required	PRQS and TUWV	
14	In the following questions two statements are given. Each sentence is divided into four parts and they're jumbled. Also, in the sentences, certain words are in bold and numbered from a to f, which are the possible pairs to be interchanged. Choose the pair(s) of the words that need(s) to be interchanged and after rearranging the words, arrange the parts to make the sentences grammatically correct. (i) zeal, she harnessed the power of (P) / determination and (a) steps, infusing every task (Q) / embarking on a new (b) breach with unbridled (R) / with a contagious energy that (c) measures both herself and those around her (S) (ii) the incident, outlined the (d) enthusiasm taken for resolution, and (T) / offered additional (e) fueled to protect their personal information (U) / were reassured as the company proactively communicated (V) / in the aftermath of the security (f) venture, customers (W)	Which of the following pairs of words can be interchanged to make both the sentences grammatically and contextually correct?	All a-f, b-d and c-e.	All a-d, b-f and c-e	All a-f, b-e and c-d	Both b-e and c-f	No rearrangement required	All a-d, b-f and c-e	(i) embarking on a new venture with unbridled (R) / zeal, she harnessed the power of (P) / determination and enthusiasm, infusing every task (Q) / with a contagious energy that fueled both herself and those around her (S) (ii) in the aftermath of the security breach, customers (W) / were reassured as the company proactively communicated (V) / the incident, outlined the steps taken for resolution, and (T) / offered additional measures to protect their personal information (U)
15		Which of the correct orders of the parts will make both the sentences coherent?	RPQS and WVTU	SQRP and VWUT	PRQS and TUWV	SPRQ and WVTU	No rearrangement required	RPQS and WVTU	
16	Enough countries ratified the deal on global warming reached in Paris in December 2015—aiming to keep the increase on pre-industrial temperatures to “well below” 2°C—for it formally to come into effect in November 2016. The world’s governments are starting to act on their pollution-cutting pledges. But two big questions loom large in 2017. One is the fate of the Paris Agreement, which is set to be adopted in November 2015. The other is the fate of the world’s most powerful nations, which are set to be adopted in November 2015.	1. Who has been criticised for the relationship with an oil industry according to the passage?	A. Financial Stability Board	B. the oil industry	C. Volkswagen the world’s most	D. a maker of toy bricks	E. none of these	4	(A maker of toy bricks, has been lambasted (criticize) for its relationship with the oil industry)

17	<p>Agreement under Donald Trump. The president-elect has claimed that global warming is a hoax intended to frustrate American businesses. He will seek to thwart the Clean Power Plan, which sets national standards to limit carbon-dioxide emissions from power plants, and withdraw from the Paris deal itself. However, none of his options is easy. Now that the agreement has entered into force, the country is bound to it for four years. A Trump administration could stymie related environmental efforts, but that would alienate China, among others. The plummeting price of solar and wind power may anyway test Mr Trump's love of coal. And powerful states, such as California, will lead green endeavours where federal ones fall short.</p> <p>The second question is whether businesses get serious about curbing their emissions. To stand a chance of limiting the world to warming of less than 2°C, net zero emissions must be reached around the middle of the century. Yet, when totted up, national pledges to curb pollution under the Paris deal will only keep warming to around 3°C. Firms must help bridge the gap.</p> <p>In many cases they can make money from going greener. Over the decade to 2015 Walmart, the world's biggest retailer, saved as much as \$1 billion annually by changing the routes of its American vehicle fleet, which doubled its efficiency. And their reputations are at risk. In recent years Lego, a maker of toy bricks, has been lambasted for its relationship with the oil industry, and snack giants such as Nestlé have come under attack for the deforestation caused by palm-oil plantations.</p> <p>But how serious will businesses' efforts be? In Mr Trump's America, the pressure may be off. And in the wider corporate world "sustainability" has too often been jargon for activities designed to fob off environmentalists.</p> <p>Confusion over measurement has not helped: firms lack an agreed means of reporting their impact on the planet. Many ways exist to quantify water use, chemical use and emissions from buildings, products and supply chains. Comparing companies using differing standards is tricky enough. Doing so when firms hide key information can be a joke. The Dow Jones Sustainability Index deemed Volkswagen the world's most sustainable carmaker in 2015; weeks later, news broke that 11m of the firm's diesel vehicles had been fitted with software to cheat emissions tests.</p> <p>In 2017 there should at least be fewer excuses. A taskforce on carbon disclosure will deliver recommendations to the G20 and the Financial Stability Board, a global regulators' forum. The plan is to create a voluntary framework that will allow companies to report their exposure to climate risks consistently. Once they do so the market can go green more efficiently, armed with more information.</p>	Which of the following is not true according to the passage? i. The Dow Jones Sustainability Index deemed Volkswagen the world's most sustainable carmaker in 2015; weeks later, news broke that 11m of the firm's diesel vehicles had not been fitted with software to cheat emissions tests. ii. To stand a chance of limiting the world to warming of less than 2°C, net zero emissions must be reached around the middle of the century. iii. When totted up, national pledges to curb pollution under the Paris deal will only keep warming to around 3°C.	A. Only i	B. Only ii	C. Both i and ii	D. Only iii	E. Both ii and iii	1	(The Dow Jones Sustainability Index deemed Volkswagen the world's most sustainable carmaker in 2015; weeks later, news broke that 11m of the firm's diesel vehicles had been fitted with software to cheat emissions tests.)
18	<p>Confusion over measurement has not helped: firms lack an agreed means of reporting their impact on the planet. Many ways exist to quantify water use, chemical use and emissions from buildings, products and supply chains. Comparing companies using differing standards is tricky enough. Doing so when firms hide key information can be a joke. The Dow Jones Sustainability Index deemed Volkswagen the world's most sustainable carmaker in 2015; weeks later, news broke that 11m of the firm's diesel vehicles had been fitted with software to cheat emissions tests.</p> <p>In 2017 there should at least be fewer excuses. A taskforce on carbon disclosure will deliver recommendations to the G20 and the Financial Stability Board, a global regulators' forum. The plan is to create a voluntary framework that will allow companies to report their exposure to climate risks consistently. Once they do so the market can go green more efficiently, armed with more information.</p>	How can the market go green more efficiently according to the passage?	A. By reusing products	B. By create a voluntary framework	C. When companies will find Many ways to quantify water use	D. When companies will find Many ways to quantify chemical use and emissions from buildings	E. None of these	2	(The plan is to create a voluntary framework that will allow companies to report their exposure to climate risks consistently. Once they do so the market can go green more efficiently.)
19	<p>A new carbon-disclosure framework for firms could, therefore, spur progress on national pledges to curb emissions. Other trends could help cut waste. Talk of the "circular economy", predicated on recycling and reusing products, is in vogue. Leasing models, for everything from cars to light bulbs, can save resources.</p>	When will countries decide their new goals according to the passage?	A. By 2018	B. By 2020	C. By 2017	D. In 2015	E. In 2020	5	(Countries will then decide on new goals for themselves in 2020.)
20	<p>The Paris Agreement includes mechanisms to crank up national pledges. Fresh talks will be held in 2018 to take stock of progress; countries will then decide on new goals for themselves in 2020. Even if America has fallen back by then, dreadful air pollution in India and China means their governments cannot ignore emissions. Tree-hugging Europeans will demand further action. So, despite the temptation, in America at least, to shelter behind the new climate-change denier-in-chief in the White House, the best long-term strategy firms can pursue is one that lowers their own impact on the planet.</p>	Which of the following is true according to the passage?	A. A Trump administration could not stymie related environmental efforts, but that would alienate China, among others.	B. Even if America has fallen back by then, dreadful air pollution in India and Russia means their governments cannot ignore emissions.	C. Over the decade to 2015 Walmart, the world's biggest retailer, saved as much as \$1 million annually by changing the routes of its American vehicle fleet, which doubled its efficiency.	D. Many ways exist to quantify water use, chemical use and emissions from buildings, products and supply chains.	E. None of these	4	(Many ways exist to quantify water use, chemical use and emissions from buildings, products and supply chains.)
21	<p>Lambasted</p>	Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning of the word printed in bold as used in the passage.	A. Criticized	B. Compliment	C. Protest	D. Surrender	E. All are the synonyms.	1	(Lambasted - Criticized)
22	<p>Hoax</p>	Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning of the word printed in bold as used in the passage.	A. Genuine act	B. Native	C. Original	D. Humbug	E. None of these	4	(Hoax- something intended to deceive Humbug is the similar meaning of Hoax)
23	<p>Pledges</p>	Choose the word which is MOST OPPOSITE in meaning of the word printed in bold as used in the passage.	A. Convert	B. Promise	C. Break	D. Assure	E. Vow	3	(Pledge's antonyms - Break)
24	<p>Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5), i.e., 'No Error.'</p>	Every Indian squad has stepped into a multi-team cricket (A)/ event as one of the favourite with the weight of (B)/ ections thrust upon by a gargantuan fandom (C)/ and an Indian diaspora seeking a sense of identity. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	2	The B part has an error. We need the plural form of a noun, as the construction "one + of + the" will take the plural form of a noun. Replace "favourite" with "favourites"
25		India's long drought in (A)/ ICC tournaments final wound (B)/ to a close on a glorious (C)/ Saturday at Bridgetown in Barbados. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	2	The B part has an error. We need an adverb to modify the verb "wound". Replace the adjective "final" with the adverb "finally".
26		The grant of bail to former Jharkhand Chief Minister and Jharkhand Mukti Morcha leader (A)/ Hemant Soren expose the questionable practice (B)/ of the Enforcement Directorate in slapping (C)/ money-laundering cases just to arrest political adversaries of the ruling dispensation. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	2	The B part has an error. We need the singular form of a verb to agree with the singular subject "grant". Replace "expose" with "exposes".

27		In Mr. Soren's case, he spent (A)/ five months in prison and (B)/ had to resign as Chief Minister (C)/ when his arrest was eminent. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	4	The D part has an error. The error lies in the incorrect usage of word "eminent", which means - (used about a person) famous and important . It should be "imminent", means - (usually used about something unpleasant) almost certain to happen very soon.
28		All-rounders Axar Patel and Hardik Pandya reiterate (A)/ their value, and Suryakumar Yadav pouched (B)/ a stupendous catch when South Africa was (C)/ seemingly in sight of victory. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	1	The A part has an error. We need the second form of a verb. As the given sentence talks about an event that happened in the past. Replace "reiterate" with "reiterated".
29		Close on the heels of the run-fests during (A)/ the Indian Premier League on flat surfaces, the (B)/ T20 World Cup hosted in the West Indies (C)/ and the United States offered a twist. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	5	The above sentence is free from error.
30		Aiden Markram's men just ran into a (A)/ stronger opposition at the last hurdle and (B)/ their capitulation was an acknowledged of (C)/ the superior attributes that Bumrah and company possessed. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	3	The C part has an error. We need a noun to be modified by the infinite article "an". Replace the verb "acknowledged" with the noun "acknowledgment".
31		Mr. Pezeshkian, a surgeon and lawmaker whom was the (A)/ Minister of Health in the government of reformist President (B)/ Mohammed Khatami, won 42.5% votes, while Mr. Jalili, (C)/ Iran's former chief nuclear negotiator, got 38.8% votes. (D)	A	B	C	D	No Error	1	The A part has an error. Replace "whom" with "who". If you can replace the word with he or she or another subject pronoun, use "who". If you can replace it with him or her (or another object pronoun), use "whom".
32	Over the past five decades, Spanish television has served as a microcosm, reflecting the transformative journey of women within Spanish society. From the vestiges of Franco's conservative regime in the 1970s to the burgeoning progressive movements of the 21st century, the evolution of female characters and narratives on screen paints a compelling portrait of this societal shift. Initially, women were largely confined to domestic spheres, conforming to the prevailing expectations of feminine subservience. Television programming of this era rarely ventured beyond portraying women as homemakers and caregivers, offering scant representation of female characters wielding authority or embodying multifaceted personalities. However, as Spain embraced democracy in the latter half of the 20th century, a discernible, albeit gradual, shift took root during the 1980s and 1990s. The influence of feminist ideology and the burgeoning presence of women in the workforce began to permeate the portrayal of women on television as lawyers, doctors, and business leaders – a stark departure from the earlier stereotypical depictions. These characters not only pursued careers but also navigated the complexities of personal lives, challenging the long-held notion that professional success was antithetical to a fulfilling family life. The early years of the 21st century witnessed an acceleration of this trend. The portrayal of women on television grew more nuanced and diverse, showcasing single mothers, women in unconventional professions, and even female protagonists in action and drama genres. Furthermore, these shows began to tackle critical societal issues, including gender discrimination, domestic violence, and sexual harassment, reflecting a deeper engagement with contemporary concerns. Series like "Las Chicas del Cable" not only foreground the ongoing struggle for women's rights but also seamlessly integrate these themes into captivating historical narratives, ensuring their accessibility and relevance to a global audience. These portrayals not only represents a dynamic evolution in character development but also underscores a broader cultural transformation towards a more egalitarian perspective on gender roles.	Which of the following can be inferred about the influence of feminist ideologies on Spanish television, mentioned in the second paragraph?	The ideology influenced the type of advertisements shown during television shows, especially ones targeted at women.	The ideology led to the development of characters that were predominantly unseen in Spanish television before then.	Feminist ideology led to Spanish television portraying women who were more interested in their careers than in their home life.	The influence of the ideology was less impactful than the increasing number of women in the workforce who wanted to see their lives reflected on TV.	The ideology had no impact in the early 1900s because it was ignored by television producers who opposed the school of thought.	2	The second paragraph states, "The influence of feminist ideology and the burgeoning presence of women in the workforce began to permeate the portrayal of women on television as lawyers, doctors, and business leaders – a stark departure from the earlier stereotypical depictions." This directly supports the idea that feminist ideologies led to new types of female characters on television, making choice (2) the correct answer.
33		Which of the following is not explicitly stated as a portrayal of women in Spanish television shows over the years?	As professionals in various fields	As the lead in action shows	As homemakers and caregivers	As single mothers	As victims of gender discrimination	5	While Spanish television shows might touch upon themes of gender discrimination or depict sexist attitudes, the passage doesn't explicitly state that women are portrayed primarily or specifically as victims of discrimination. Option (5) is not explicitly given in the passage. Because the question asks for <u>stated</u> information, look for what is clearly given and not what ideas can be construed based on the information. The other options have stronger support from the text
34		It is likely that the depiction of single mothers in Spanish television reflects which of these broader societal changes?	A decline in government policies aimed at supporting and accommodati	An increase in economic independence of women and the declining need for a	An increased acceptance of diverse family structures outside the	A decrease in the value placed by society on marriage and a departure from the	A demonstrabl e decrease in the overdramatiz ation typically found in	3	The passage repeatedly emphasizes the shift away from traditional family models in Spanish society. The inclusion of single mothers in television shows directly reflects a growing acceptance of diverse family forms outside of the "nuclear family" standard. This idea is supported throughout the text, with mentions of "transformative journey of women within Spanish society," a movement away from "conservative regimes," and Spain's growing "egalitarian perspective on gender roles." Choice (3) is the correct answer.
35		What is the primary focus of the passage?	Describe types of careers that women characters have had in Spanish television shows.	Portray the shift from traditional to modern roles of Spanish women as depicted in television.	Determine the influence of international audiences on Spanish television shows.	Discuss historical events that influenced television from the 1970s onward.	Evaluate the impact of feminist ideology on television programming .	2	Option (2) accurately captures the overarching theme of the passage, which traces how Spanish television reflects the changing roles of women in Spanish society over time. It goes beyond merely listing careers and encompasses the move from traditional domestic portrayals to more diverse, modern representations.

36	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:	<p>1. But the attention of the layman, not surprisingly, has been captured by the atom bomb, although there is at least a chance that it may never be used again.</p> <p>2. Of all the changes introduced by man into the household of nature, [controlled]large-scale nuclear fission is undoubtedly the most dangerous and most profound.</p> <p>3. The danger to humanity created by the so-called peaceful uses of atomic energy may, however, be much greater.</p> <p>4. The resultant ionizing radiation has become the most serious agent of pollution of the environment and the greatest threat to man's survival on earth.</p>	2413	1234	2314	2431	3214	1	This might a little tricky question, but without doubt 2 will open the paragraph. The resultant ionising radiation in 4 is a consequence of large scale nuclear fission mentioned in 2. Thus 24 form a pair. 4 and 1 are contrasting ideas, something that justifies the presence of the conjunction "but" in 1. The resultant ionising radiation has become the most serious agent of pollution... but the attention of the layman has been captured by the atom bomb....3 comes as the appropriate conclusion. 3 can't come after 4 because both 4 and 3 talk nuclear fission, which does not justify the presence of the word "however" in 3. We use however to contrast two ideas, but both 4 and 3 talk of peaceful uses of atomic energy. Nuclear fission is used for purposes other than atomic bomb. Thus 2413 is the right sequence.
37	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:	<p>1. Each one personified a different aspect of good fortune.</p> <p>2. The others were versions of popular Buddhist gods, Hindu gods and Daoist gods. 3. Seven popular Japanese deities, the Shichi Fukujin, were considered to bring good luck and happiness.</p> <p>4. Although they were included in the Shinto pantheon, only two of them, Daikoku and Ebisu, were indigenous Japanese gods.</p>	3214	3412	3142	2314	1432	3	We should start this arrangement by fixing the pronoun "each one" in sentence 1. It says "each one personified a different aspect of good fortune". This statement refers to sentence 3 because it is in 3 that we find the "seven popular deities... Considered to bring good luck and happiness". Thus the ideas of 3 and 1 are similar, with 3 acting as introduction and 1 taking the idea ahead. 4 and 2 form the other unit because in 4 we have the phrase "only two of them were indigenous Japanese gods", while 2 says "the others were...". The contrast between the two indigenous gods and the other Buddhist gods connects 4 with 2. Thus 3142 forms a logical sequence.
38	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:	<p>1. It advocated a conservative approach to antitrust enforcement that espouses faith in efficient markets and voiced suspicion regarding the merits of judicial intervention to correct anticompetitive practices.</p> <p>2. Many industries have consistently gained market share, the lion's share – without any official concern; the most successful technology companies have grown into veritable titans, on the premise that they advance 'public interest'.</p> <p>3. That the new anticompetitive risks posed by tech giants like Google, Facebook, and Amazon, necessitate new legal solutions could be attributed to the dearth of enforcement actions against monopolies and the few cases challenging mergers in the USA.</p> <p>4. The criterion of 'consumer welfare standard' and the principle that antitrust law should serve consumer interests and that it should protect competition rather than individual competitors was an antitrust law introduced by, and named after, the 'Chicago school'.</p>	4213	2413	1324	4123	4312	4	Sentence 1 says "it advocated a conservative approach". The pronoun "it" refers to the "consumer welfare standard" mentioned in 4. Thus 41 forms a pair. Though subtle, the connection between 1 and 2 can be easily established. Many industries gained market share because of conservative approach to antitrust enforcement (you can check the meaning of antitrust enforcement laws). Thus 1 is the cause and 2 is an effect. 3 is an example of that wherein we have the examples of technology companies such as Google, Facebook and Amazon which have benefitted immensely from dearth of enforcement actions. Thus 4123 is the right sequence.
39	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:	<p>1. Complex computational elements of the CNS are organized according to a "nested" hierarchic criterion; the organization is not permanent and can change dynamically from moment to moment as they carry out a computational task.</p> <p>2. Echolocation in bats exemplifies adaptation produced by natural selection; a function not produced by natural selection for its current use is exaptation --feathers might have originally arisen in the context of selection for insulation.</p> <p>3. From a structural standpoint, consistent with exaptation, the living organism is organized as a complex of "Russian Matryoshka Dolls" -- smaller structures are contained within larger ones in multiple layers.</p> <p>4. The exaptation concept, and the Russian-doll organization concept of living beings deduced from studies on evolution of the various apparatuses in mammals, can be applied for the most complex human organ: the central nervous system (CNS).</p>	2314	2431	1243	3124	2134	2	2 will definitely open the paragraph. the sequence 31 is also logical because 3 mentions "hierarchy of complex structure-smaller structures contained within larger ones"1 says that a similar hierarchy might be there in CNS as well.

40	The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:	1. People with dyslexia have difficulty with print-reading, and people with autism spectrum disorder have difficulty with mind-reading. 2. An example of a lost cognitive instinct is mind-reading: our capacity to think of ourselves and others as having beliefs, desires, thoughts and feelings. 3. Mind-reading looks increasingly like literacy, a skill we know for sure is not in our genes, since scripts have been around for only 5,000-6,000 years. 4. Print-reading, like mind-reading varies across cultures, depends heavily on certain parts of the brain, and is subject to developmental disorders.	2341	1432	2143	3241	2134	1	1 must come at the end because it is contrasting a specific feature of print-reading and mindreading. Before 1, we must have the ideas of print reading and mind-reading introduced to us. 41 is definitely a pair because, and we must introduce mind-reading before statement 4. The point is should we have 2 or 3 as the opening sentence? 2 has a better introductory tone, and statement 3 goes into the detail of mind-reading. Thus we must 23 as one pair and 41 as the other, with 23 coming first. 2341 is thus the right sequence.
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