IBPS RRB PO

Prelims Exam 2026

Memory Based Paper

Exam Held: 21 Nov 2026 (Shift 1)

Reasoning Ability – 40 Qs | Quantitative Aptitude – 40 Qs

80 Questions | 45 Minutes | With Answer Key

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Reasoning Ability

Directions (1–5):
Read the given instructions carefully and answer the related questions.
Eight boxes A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are placed one above the other in a stack, but not necessarily in the same order as given.
Box C is placed three boxes below box F. Box A is placed immediately above box C. Box D is kept four boxes below box A. The number of boxes placed above box D is the same as the number of boxes placed below box G. Three boxes are placed between box B and box E. Box H is placed above box E.

Q1. How many boxes are placed between box E and box F?
(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) None

Q2. Which box is placed immediately below box H?
(a) Box A (b) Box B (c) Box E (d) Box F (e) Box G

Q3. If box B is interchanged with box D, then how many boxes are placed above box B?
(a) Five (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) More than five

Q4. If all the boxes are arranged in alphabetical order from bottom to top, then how many boxes will remain in their original positions?
(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) None

Q5. Which of the following statements is correct?
(a) Box F is placed immediately above box G.
(b) Two boxes are placed above box D.
(c) Box B is placed above box H.
(d) Box E is placed at the bottommost position.
(e) Box A is placed immediately below box C.

Directions (6–10):
Read the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow:
In a certain code language:
"Green bridge meets river" is coded as "tg wz xo je"
"Cold river runs fast" is coded as "ky mc wz ah"
"Green valley meets river" is coded as "wz je ps xo"
"Deep valley runs fast" is coded as "bn ah ps mc"

Q6. Which among the following words will be coded as "bn"?
(a) Valley (b) Runs (c) Cold
(d) Deep (e) Can't be determined

Q7. What will be the code for the word "Bridge"?
(a) je (b) tg (c) ps
(d) xo (e) Can't be determined

Q8. If "Runs slowly nearby" is coded as "mc rf cx" and in the same way "walk nearby" is coded as "dl cx", then what may be the code for "Walk slowly"?
(a) rf cx (b) mc rf (c) dl cx (d) dl rf (e) ah rf

Q9. Which among the following combinations is definitely true?
(a) River – ps (b) Green – xo (c) Cold – ky (d) Bridge – bn (e) Valley – wz

Q10. What is the code for the words "Runs Cold"?
(a) mc ky (b) ah ky (c) mc bn
(d) wz ky (e) Can't be determined

Q11. If we form a meaningful word by the first, third, fifth and eight letters of the word **"FORTUNATE"**, then which of the following will be the third letter from left end of the word thus formed? If more than one word is formed, mark Y as your answer. If no meaningful word is formed, mark X as your answer.
(a) T (b) X (c) U (d) R (e) Y

Directions (12–16):
Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Seven persons, A, B, C, D, E, F and G, were born in seven different months: January, March, April, July, August, October and November. Each of them likes a different colour: Red, Blue, Green, Yellow, Pink, Grey and White. All the information is not necessarily in the same order.
A was born four months before F. G was born two persons after F. C was born three persons before G and two persons after the who likes red. Three persons were born between the ones who like red and blue. The one who likes Blue was born immediately before the one who likes Pink. More than two persons were born between D and the one who likes Pink. The one who likes Green was born immediately before the one who likes Yellow. A doesn't like grey and green. The one who likes grey was not born in the month having even number of days. Three persons were born between D and E

Q12. Who likes White?
(a) A **(b)** B **(c)** C **(d)** D **(e)** E

Q13. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Who among the following does not belong to that group?
(a) The one who likes grey colour **(b)** The one who likes green colour
(c) E **(d)** D
(e) G

Q14. Who was born in the month of August?
(a) B **(b)** C **(c)** E **(d)** F **(e)** G

Q15. Which colour is liked by the one who was born three months after the month of C?
(a) Red **(b)** Blue **(c)** Pink **(d)** Grey **(e)** White

Q16. As many persons were born before the one who likes Pink as after ____.
(a) A **(b)** B **(c)** D **(d)** F **(e)** G

Directions (17–19):
Read the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow:
R is spouse of T. W is son-in-law of T's mother. L is parent of Y who is child of W. S is grandfather of Y. Q is spouse of S but their daughter-in-law is not L. Q's son has a child. T, V and Y are of same gender. W is married.

Q17. How many females are in the family?
(a) Two **(b)** Four **(c)** Three
(d) Five **(e)** Can't be determined

Q18. What is the relation of R's child with respect to Y?
(a) Grandfather **(b)** Cousin **(c)** Nephew **(d)** Uncle **(e)** Son

Q19. How is V related to S?
(a) Son **(b)** Uncle **(c)** Nephew **(d)** Brother **(e)** Grandson

Directions (20–23):
In the question below, some statements are given followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q20. **Statements:**
Only a few Cat are Dog.
Some Dog are not Cow
No Cat is Camel
Conclusions:
I. Some Dog is not Camel
II. No Cow is Camel
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q21. **Statements:**
Some Spoon are Plate
Only a few Plate are Steel
All Spoon is wood
Conclusions:
I. No Spoon is Steel
II. Some Spoon is Steel
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q22. **Statements:**
Only Milk are Tea
Some Juice are Milk
All Juice are Cup
Conclusions:
I. All Milk being Cup is a possibility
II. No Tea is Juice
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q23. **Statements:**
Only a few Marble are Compass.
Some Compass are Velvet.
All Velvet is Ember.
Conclusions:
I. All Compass being Marble is a possibility
II. Some Compass is Ember
(a) If only conclusion I follows.
(b) If only conclusion II follows.
(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Directions (24–28):
Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Ten people (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and J) live in a building with five floors and two flats (Flat 1 and Flat 2) on each floor. The floors are numbered from 1 to 5 (1 being the lowermost floor and 5 being the topmost floor).
Note I: Each floor has two flats, Flat-1 and Flat-2, where Flat 1 is to the west of Flat 2.
Note II: Flat 1 of floor 2 is immediately above Flat 1 of floor 1 and immediately below Flat 1 of floor 3, and so on. Similarly, Flat 2 of floor 2 is immediately above Flat 2 of floor 1 and immediately below Flat 2 of floor 3, and so on.
Note III: The area of each flat is equal.
Note IV: Only two persons live on each floor and only one person lives in each flat.
C lives on an even-numbered floor in Flat-1. One floor is there between the floors of C and E, but both of them live in a different numbered flat. H's flat is immediately below the one who lives to the west of E. Two floors are there between the floors of D and A. A lives below D who doesn't live on the topmost floor. One floor is there between the floors of A and I, both of them in different numbered flat. I lives below F. F lives to the west of G. B lives below J but not in an even numbered floor.

Q24. Who lives in Flat 2 on the bottommost floor?
(a) J **(b)** A **(c)** H **(d)** B **(e)** E

Q25. Which pair of people live on the same floor?
(a) A-F **(b)** C-H **(c)** D-B **(d)** J-C **(e)** E-I

Q26. H lives on which floor and in which flat?
(a) Floor 1, Flat-1 **(b)** Floor 3, Flat 2 **(c)** Floor 3, Flat-1
(d) Floor 4, Flat -1 **(e)** Floor 5, Flat -1

Q27. How many floors are there between the floors of A and G?
(a) None **(b)** One **(c)** Two
(d) Three **(e)** Can't be determined

Q28. Which among the following statement is/are true?
(a) H lives immediately above B. **(b)** F lives to the north-east of J
(c) D and E live on different floors. **(d)** G's flat is immediately above I's flat.
(e) I lives to the north-east of C

Q29. In the number **76832456**, 1 is added to each odd digit and 1 is subtracted from each even digit. Then all the digits are arranged in ascending order from left to right. What is the sum of the third digit from the left end and the second digit from the right end?
(a) 10 **(b)** 11 **(c)** 9 **(d)** 13 **(e)** 15

Directions (30):
The question includes a group of statements showing how different elements are connected. From these statements, two conclusions are drawn. You must determine which of the conclusions logically follow.

Q30. **Statements:** $G \geq H > J = Z$; $W < H \leq F$
Conclusions: I. $J < F$
II. $W \geq Z$
(a) If only conclusion II is true **(b)** If only conclusion I is true
(c) If either conclusion I or II is true **(d)** If neither conclusion I nor II is true
(e) If both conclusion I and II are true

Directions (31–32):
In this question, the relationship between different element is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions. Give **answer:**

Q31. **Statements:** P > K = L > M ≥ A ≤ T < B
Conclusions:
I. L < T
II. P > M
(a) If only conclusion I is true
(b) If only conclusion II is true
(c) If either conclusion I or II is true
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
(e) If both conclusion I and II are true

Q32. **Statements:** H > G ≥ L> K > D ≤ V > P
Conclusions:
I. H ≥ D
II. H < D
(a) If only conclusion I is true
(b) If only conclusion II is true
(c) If either conclusion I or II is true
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
(e) If both conclusion I and II are true

Directions (33):
The question includes a group of statements showing how different elements are connected. From these statements, two conclusions are drawn. You must determine which of the conclusions logically follow.

Q33. **Statements:** C = D ≤ E = F; G ≥ D > H
Conclusions: I. H > E
II. C < G
(a) If only conclusion II is true
(b) If only conclusion I is true
(c) If either conclusion I or II is true
(d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
(e) If both conclusion I and II are true

Q34. **Find the odd one out.**
(a) XZA **(b)** BDW **(c)** OQJ **(d)** VWX **(e)** TVE

Q35. How many pairs of letters are there in the word '**NOSTALGIA**', each of which have as many letters between them as they have in English alphabetical series (both forward and backward direction)?
(a) One **(b)** Three **(c)** None **(d)** Two **(e)** Four

Directions (36–40):
Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H sit in a linear row but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons face south and the remaining four face north. A is the only neighbour of H. H faces north. B sits second to the left of A and sits third to the right of D. Only two persons sit between F and E, and none of them sit at any of the extreme ends of the row. G and B sit immediately right of each other. C and E face north, and both C and E are immediate neighbours of D.

Q36. Who among the following sits immediate right of F?
(a) D **(b)** C **(c)** E **(d)** A **(e)** B

Q37. How many north facing persons sit between E and H?
(a) One **(b)** Two **(c)** Three **(d)** Four **(e)** None

Q38. Four among the following five are alike in a certain way and form a group. Find the one who does not belong to that group.
(a) F **(b)** D **(c)** H **(d)** G **(e)** A

Q39. What is the position of A with respect to C?
(a) Second to the left **(b)** Immediate right **(c)** Sixth to the right
(d) Third to the right **(e)** Sixth to the left

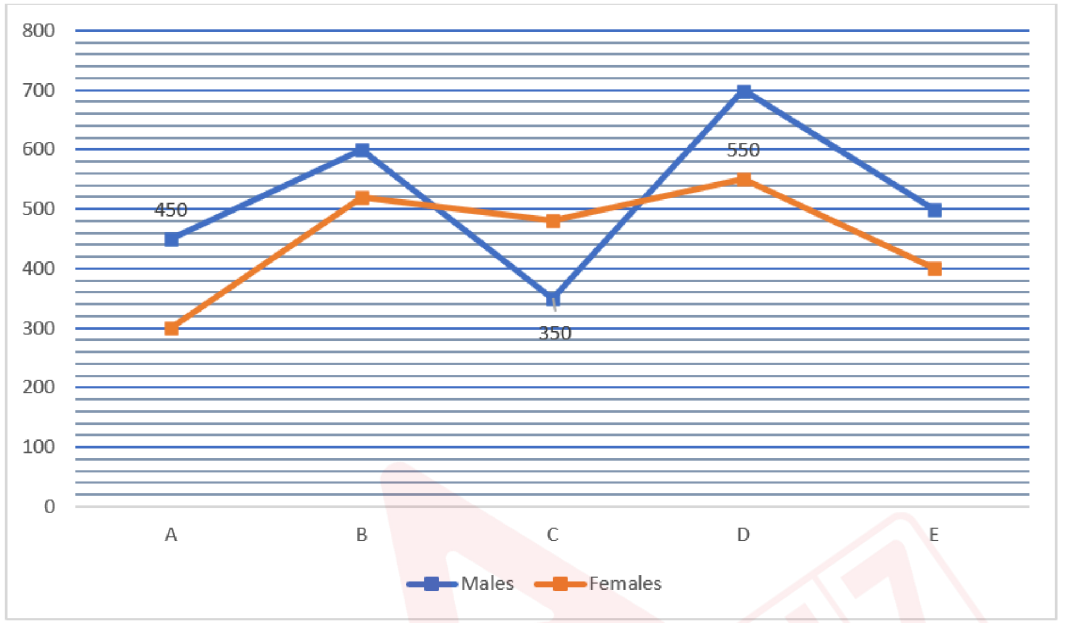
Q40. How many persons sit to the left of G?

(a) Five **(b)** Six **(c)** Seven **(d)** Four **(e)** Three

Quantitative Aptitude

Directions (41–46):

Study the line graph below. It shows the number of male and female students in five colleges, A, B, C, D and E. Answer the questions that follow.



Q41. In College D, 40% of the male students and 60% of the female students chose Science. In College B, 35% of the male students and 50% of the female students chose Science. What is the ratio of Science students in College D to Science students in College B?

(a) 59 : 47 **(b)** 61 : 47 **(c)** 61 : 49 **(d)** 63 : 47 **(e)** 57 : 43

Q42. Take the average number of female students in Colleges B, D and E. By what percent is it more than the average number of male students in Colleges A and C?

(a) 20% **(b)** 18.5% **(c)** 22.5% **(d)** 25% **(e)** 27.5%

Q43. Next year, male students in College E go up by 20% and female students go up by 15%. In the same year, male students in College C go up by 10% and female students go down by 12.5%. What is the difference between the total number of students in College E and in College C next year?

(a) 235 **(b)** 245 **(c)** 255 **(d)** 265 **(e)** 275

Q44. In College A, 60% of all students live in the hostel. Male and female hostellers are in the ratio 7 : 3. What is the ratio of male non-hostellers to female non- hostellers in College A?

(a) 9 : 11 **(b)** 11 : 9 **(c)** 7 : 9 **(d)** 9 : 13 **(e)** 3 : 4

Q45. A new College F opens. Its male students are 20% more than the average number of male students in Colleges C and D. Its female students are 30% more than the female students in College E. What is the average number of students per college across all six colleges (A to F)?

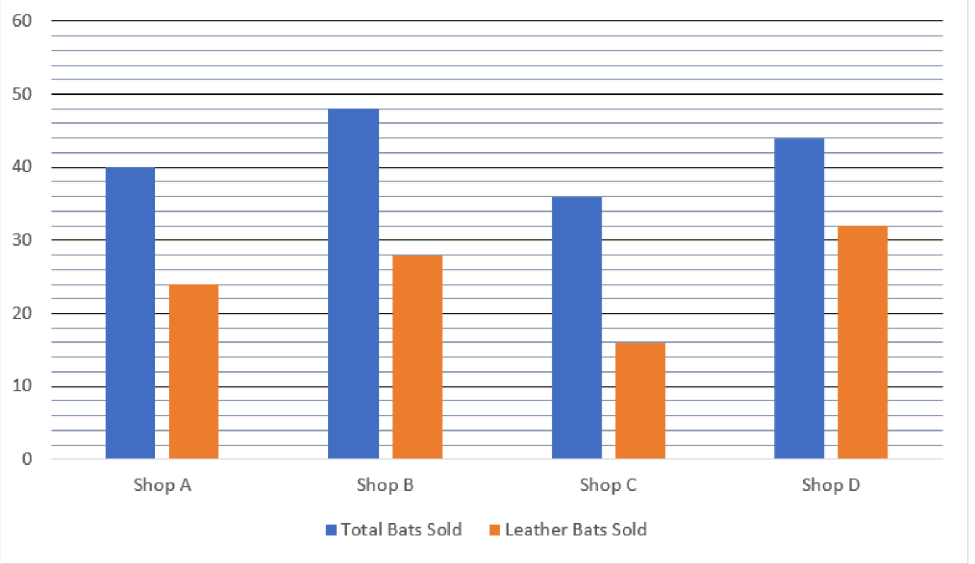
(a) 980 **(b)** 990 **(c)** 1000 **(d)** 1010 **(e)** 1020

Q46. 25% of the male students of College D move to College C. At the same time, 25% of the female students of College C move to College D. What is the new ratio of male to female students in College C?

(a) 35 : 24 **(b)** 24 : 35 **(c)** 7 : 5 **(d)** 35 : 26 **(e)** 5 : 4

Directions (47–52):

The bar graph below shows how many bats four shops (A, B, C and D) sold. One bar is the total number of bats sold, and the other is the number of leather bats sold. Every bat is either leather or canvas, so canvas bats = total bats − leather bats. The y-axis goes up in steps of 4. Study the graph and answer the questions.



Q47. Each leather bat sells for ₹1,200 and each canvas bat for ₹500. What is the difference between the Shop D's total revenue from bats to Shop B's total revenue from bats?

(a) 800 **(b)** 900 **(c)** 1000 **(d)** 1101 **(e)** 1020

Q48. Add the canvas bats sold by Shop A and Shop C. What percent is this of the leather bats sold by Shop B and Shop D together?

(a) 50% **(b)** 55% **(c)** 60% **(d)** 62.5% **(e)** 66.67%

Q49. Find the average number of leather bats sold by Shops A, C and D. By what percent is it more than the average number of canvas bats sold by Shops B and C?

(a) 15% **(b)** 20% **(c)** 25% **(d)** 16.67% **(e)** 12.5%

Q50. In Shop D, 37.5% of the leather bats and 25% of the canvas bats were sold online, and the rest offline. In Shop A, 25% of the leather bats and 50% of the canvas bats were sold online, and the rest offline. What is the ratio of offline bats sold by Shop D to offline bats sold by Shop A?

(a) 26 : 29 **(b)** 29 : 24 **(c)** 29 : 26 **(d)** 31 : 26 **(e)** 15 : 14

Q51. Next month, Shop C sells 50% more leather bats and 20% fewer canvas bats. Shop A sells 25% more leather bats and 12.5% more canvas bats. Next month's total for Shop C is what percent of next month's total for Shop A?

(a) 80% **(b)** 83.33% **(c)** 87.5% **(d)** 90% **(e)** 75%

Q52. A new Shop E opens. Its leather bat sales are 25% more than the average leather bat sales of Shops A, B and D. Its leather and canvas bats are in the ratio 5 : 2. What is the average number of bats sold per shop across all five shops (A to E)?

(a) 42.6 **(b)** 43 **(c)** 43.4 **(d)** 44.2 **(e)** 45

Directions (53–56):
Read the information below carefully and answer the questions that follow.
A company has **1200 employees**. A survey asked which of three newspapers they read: The Times (T), The Hindu (H) and The Express (E).
• 15% of the employees read none of the three newspapers.
• 60 employees read all three newspapers.
• 210 employees read exactly two newspapers. Of these:
– those who read only T and H are 20% more than those who read only H and E;
– those who read only T and E are half the number who read only T and H.
• The rest of the readers read exactly one newspaper. Of these:
– those who read only H are 60 fewer than those who read only T;
– those who read only E and those who read only H are in the ratio 7 : 8.

Q53. What is the ratio of the total number of employees who read The Times to the total number who read The Express?
(a) 11 : 9 **(b)** 33 : 26 **(c)** 31 : 26 **(d)** 33 : 28 **(e)** 9 : 7

Q54. Employees who read at least two newspapers are what percent of employees who read exactly one newspaper?
(a) 32% **(b)** 34% **(c)** 36% **(d)** 38% **(e)** 40%

Q55. Find the average of "only T", "only H" and "only E" readers. Then find the average of "only T and H", "only H and E" and "only T and E" readers. What is the difference between the two averages?
(a) 170 **(b)** 175 **(c)** 180 **(d)** 185 **(e)** 190

Q56. What percent of all employees read at most one newspaper?
(a) 72.5% **(b)** 75% **(c)** 77.5% **(d)** 80% **(e)** 82.5%

Directions (57–58):
What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

Q57. 24.97% of 639.87 + 17.03 × 13.98 − ? = $(18.02)^2$ − 39.89
(a) 120 **(b)** 114 **(c)** 108 **(d)** 132 **(e)** 126

Q58. $(23.98)^2$ − 31.96% of 449.97 + ? = 15.02 × 41.98
(a) 188 **(b)** 208 **(c)** 178 **(d)** 198 **(e)** 218

Directions (59):
What comes in place of the question mark (?) in the following equations? You are not required to calculate the exact value.

Q59. ?% of 1499.95 − 1/8 of 71.99 = 21.02^2
(a) 14 **(b)** 30 **(c)** 20 **(d)** 16 **(e)** 42

Directions (60):
What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

Q60. $\sqrt{7055} \div 12.001 + (?)^2 = 368.002$
(a) 19 **(b)** 28 **(c)** 39 **(d)** 41 **(e)** 10

Directions (61–62):
What approximate value will come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value)

Q61. 4.99^2 - 3.2 + 8.1 = ? -24.99% of 399.98
(a) 210 **(b)** 190 **(c)** 230 **(d)** 140 **(e)** 130

Q62. 499.2 + 200.06 ÷ 9.8 × 5.1 = ?
(a) 599 **(b)** 603 **(c)** 612 **(d)** 624 **(e)** 636

Directions (63–66):
What will come in the place of question (?) mark in following number series:

Q63. 4, 9, 26, 105, 524, ?
(a) 2615 (b) 3325 (c) 3235 (d) 3645 (e) 3145

Q64. 40, 54, 70, 88, ?, 130
(a) 110 (b) 108 (c) 120 (d) 102 (e) 100

Q65. 104, 153, 234, ?, 524, 749
(a) 355 (b) 340 (c) 322 (d) 309 (e) 301

Q66. 32, 40, 49, 113, 138, ?, 403
(a) 366 (b) 350 (c) 354 (d) 390 (e) 381

Directions (67):
Find the missing number in the following number series.

Q67. 100, 150, 106, 155, 110, ?
(a) 158 (b) 62 (c) 64 (d) 160 (e) 156

Directions (68):
What will come in the place of question (?) mark in following number series:

Q68. ?, 71, 109, 155, 209, 271
(a) 56 (b) 41 (c) 88 (d) 78 (e) None of these

Q69. A sum of Rs. 30,000 was invested for 2 years, partly in scheme A at the rate of 8% simple interest p.a. and partly in scheme B at the rate of 12% simple interest p.a. If the difference between the interests earned from both schemes is Rs. 800, then find the amount invested in scheme B.
(a) Rs. 12,000 (b) Rs. 14,000 (c) Rs. 15,000 (d) Rs. 16,000 (e) Rs. 18,000

Q70. 4 boys can complete a piece of work in 15 days, while 5 girls can complete the same work in 30 days. In how many days will 2 boys and 3 girls together complete the same work?
(a) 16 days (b) 17.5 days (c) 18.75 days (d) 20 days (e) 22.5 days

Q71. The sum of the present ages of A and B is 70 years. If the ratio of their ages 10 years ago was 2 : 3, then find the present age of A.
(a) 24 years (b) 26 years (c) 28 years (d) 30 years (e) 32 years

Q72. The radius of a circle is equal to the breadth of a rectangle. The length of the rectangle is 28 cm and its perimeter is 84 cm. Find the area of the circle. (Take π = 22/7.)
(a) 616 cm^2 (b) 554 cm^2 (c) 528 cm^2 (d) 462 cm^2 (e) 484 cm^2

Q73. A 240-litre mixture of milk and water contains milk and water in the ratio 7 : 5. If 20% of the mixture is removed and 10 litres of water are then added to the remaining mixture, find the final quantity of water in the mixture.
(a) 80 litres (b) 85 litres (c) 90 litres (d) 95 litres (e) 100 litres

Q74. A man sold a laptop at a profit of 25% after allowing a discount of 20% on its marked price. If he had sold the laptop at its marked price instead, his profit would have been Rs. 360 more. Find the cost price of the laptop.
(a) Rs. 1,206 (b) Rs. 1,400 (c) Rs. 1,505 (d) Rs. 1,600 (e) Rs. 1,152

Q75. A man invests Rs. 15,000 at 20% per annum simple interest for 2 years. He then reinvests the total amount received at the same rate of interest under compound interest for another 2 years. Find the difference between the simple interest and compound interest earned in the two **investments.**
(a) Rs. 2,840 (b) Rs. 3,240 (c) Rs. 3,440 (d) Rs. 3,640 (e) Rs. 4,240

Q76. The marked price of an article is 20% more than its cost price. The seller allows a discount of 25% on the marked price and incurs a loss of 10%. If the selling price of the article is Rs. 5,400, find its cost price.
(a) Rs. 5,500 (b) Rs. 6,000 (c) Rs. 6,200 (d) Rs. 6,500 (e) Rs. 7,000

Q77. The income of A is 3/5th of the income of B, while the income of C is 40% more than the income of B. If the income of B is Rs. 30,000 and the expenditure of A is 25% less than the expenditure of C, then find the savings of A, given that C saves 50% of his income.

(a) Rs. 2,000 **(b)** Rs. 2,250 **(c)** Rs. 2,500 **(d)** Rs. 3,000 **(e)** Rs. 3,500

Q78. A boat takes 4 hours to cover a certain distance downstream and 10 hours to cover the same distance upstream. If the speed of the stream is 9 km/h, find the distance travelled in one direction.

(a) 120 km **(b)** 135 km **(c)** 144 km **(d)** 150 km **(e)** 160 km

Q79. J starts travelling from point A towards point B, while K starts travelling from point B towards point A at the same time. The distance between points A and B is 60 km. If they meet after 1 hour and the speed of J is 20 km/h, find the speed of K.

(a) 30 km/h **(b)** 35 km/h **(c)** 40 km/h **(d)** 45 km/h **(e)** 50 km/h

Q80. Two trains, A and B, start simultaneously from stations P and Q towards Q and P, respectively. They meet after 8 hours, during which train B travels 192 km more than train A. If the distance between the two stations is 832 km, then find the distance travelled by train A in 10 hours.

(a) 360 km **(b)** 380 km **(c)** 400 km **(d)** 420 km **(e)** 440 km

Answer Key

1. (d)	**2.** (c)	**3.** (e)	**4.** (e)	**5.** (c)	**6.** (d)	**7.** (b)	**8.** (d)	**9.** (c)	**10.** (e)
11. (d)	**12.** (a)	**13.** (e)	**14.** (d)	**15.** (b)	**16.** (b)	**17.** (c)	**18.** (b)	**19.** (e)	**20.** (a)
21. (c)	**22.** (b)	**23.** (e)	**24.** (d)	**25.** (d)	**26.** (c)	**27.** (d)	**28.** (e)	**29.** (b)	**30.** (b)
31. (b)	**32.** (d)	**33.** (d)	**34.** (d)	**35.** (b)	**36.** (d)	**37.** (a)	**38.** (c)	**39.** (e)	**40.** (e)
41. (b)	**42.** (c)	**43.** (c)	**44.** (a)	**45.** (c)	**46.** (a)	**47.** (a)	**48.** (c)	**49.** (b)	**50.** (c)
51. (b)	**52.** (c)	**53.** (b)	**54.** (c)	**55.** (c)	**56.** (c)	**57.** (b)	**58.** (d)	**59.** (b)	**60.** (a)
61. (e)	**62.** (a)	**63.** (e)	**64.** (b)	**65.** (a)	**66.** (c)	**67.** (a)	**68.** (b)	**69.** (b)	**70.** (c)
71. (d)	**72.** (a)	**73.** (c)	**74.** (e)	**75.** (b)	**76.** (b)	**77.** (b)	**78.** (a)	**79.** (c)	**80.** (c)

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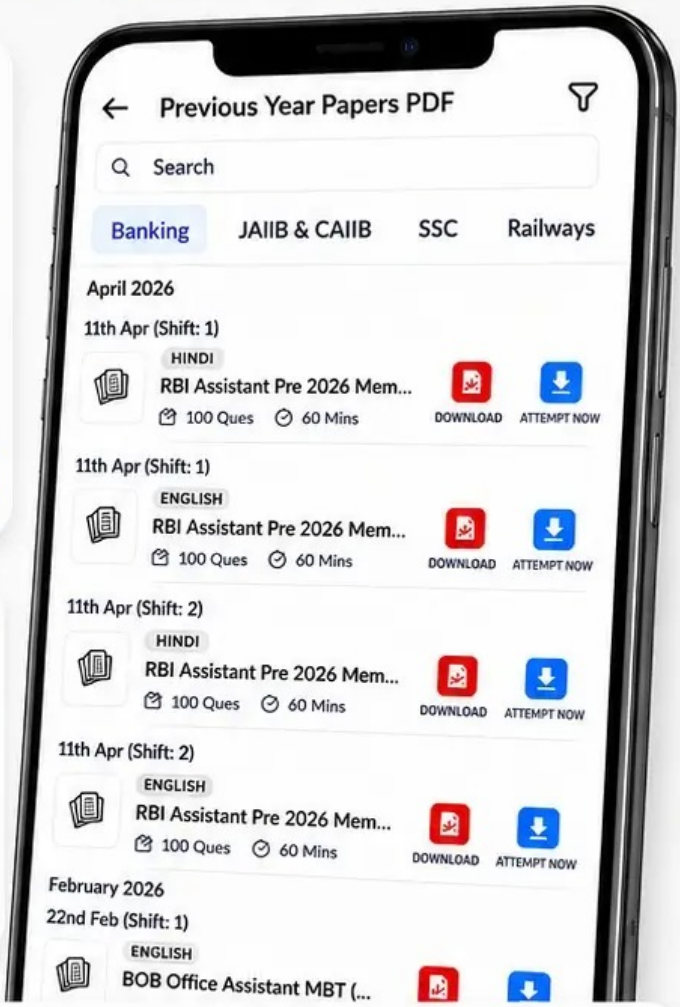
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